

### Plate 1. Bedrock map of Brookings County, South Dakota.

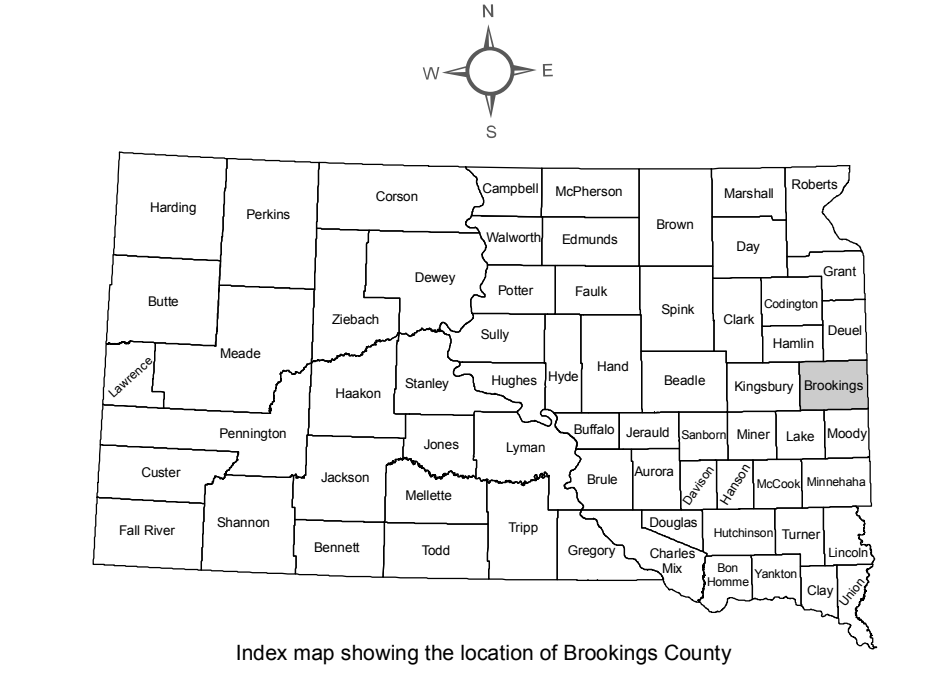
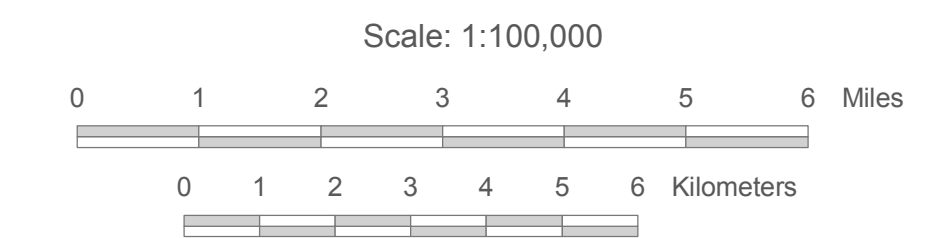
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Division of Financial and Technical Assistance  
Geological Survey

Bulletin 40 – 2009  
Layne D. Schulz  
Martin J. Jarrett

- CRETACEOUS**
  - Kp** PIERRE SHALE
  - Kn** NIOBRARA FORMATION
  - Ku** UNDIFFERENTIATED ROCKS
- PRECAMBRIAN**
  - Xs** SIOUX QUARTZITE

- 1253 Data point. Number is elevation of bedrock surface in feet above mean sea level
- Major highway
- Road
- Township boundary
- - - Approximate geologic contact
- 1350- Contour on bedrock surface. Number is elevation in feet above mean sea level. Contour interval = 50 feet

For township section numbering system, see T. 112 N., R. 52 W.



Index map showing the location of Brookings County

### Plate 2. Bedrock map of Kingsbury County, South Dakota.

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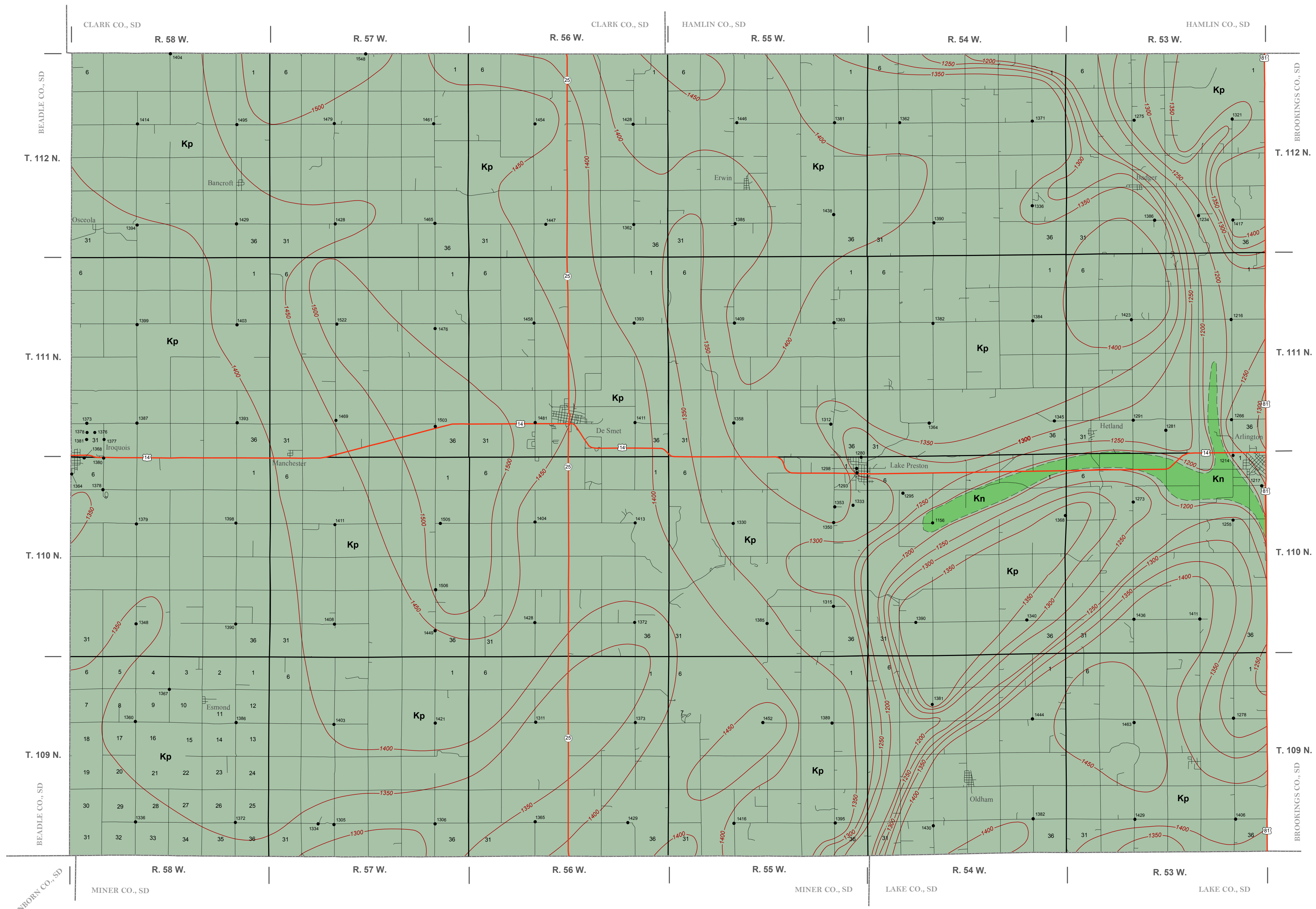
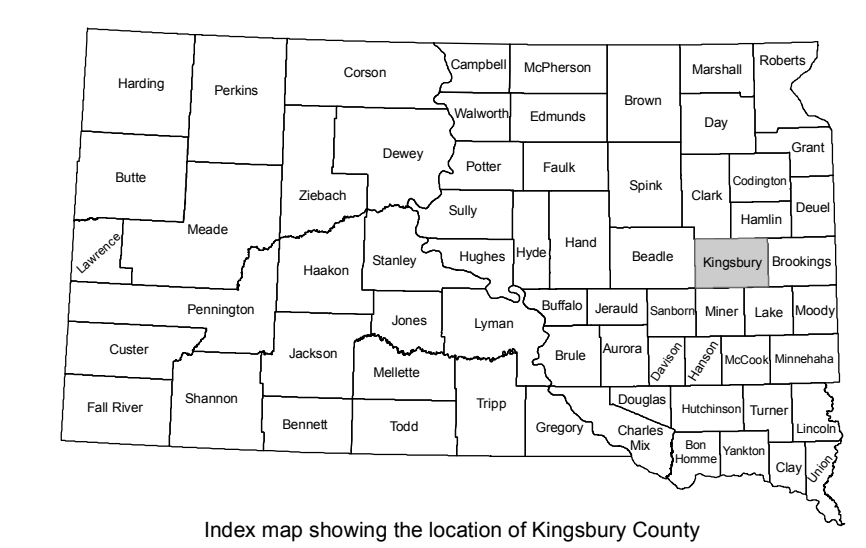
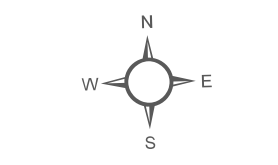
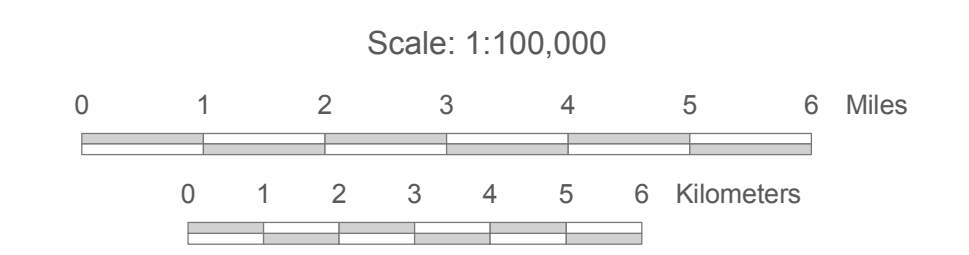
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CRETACEOUS

- Kp** PIERRE SHALE
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- Data point. Number is elevation of bedrock surface in feet above mean sea level
- Major highway
- Road
- Township boundary
- Approximate geologic contact
- Contour on bedrock surface. Number is elevation in feet above mean sea level. Contour interval = 50 feet

For township section numbering system, see T. 109 N., R. 58 W.



SANBORN CO., SD

MINER CO., SD

MINER CO., SD

LAKE CO., SD

LAKE CO., SD

BROOKINGS CO., SD

BEADLE CO., SD

T. 112 N.

T. 111 N.

T. 110 N.

T. 109 N.

BROOKINGS CO., SD

T. 112 N.

T. 111 N.

T. 110 N.

T. 109 N.

CLARK CO., SD  
R. 58 W.

R. 57 W.

R. 56 W.

R. 55 W.

R. 54 W.

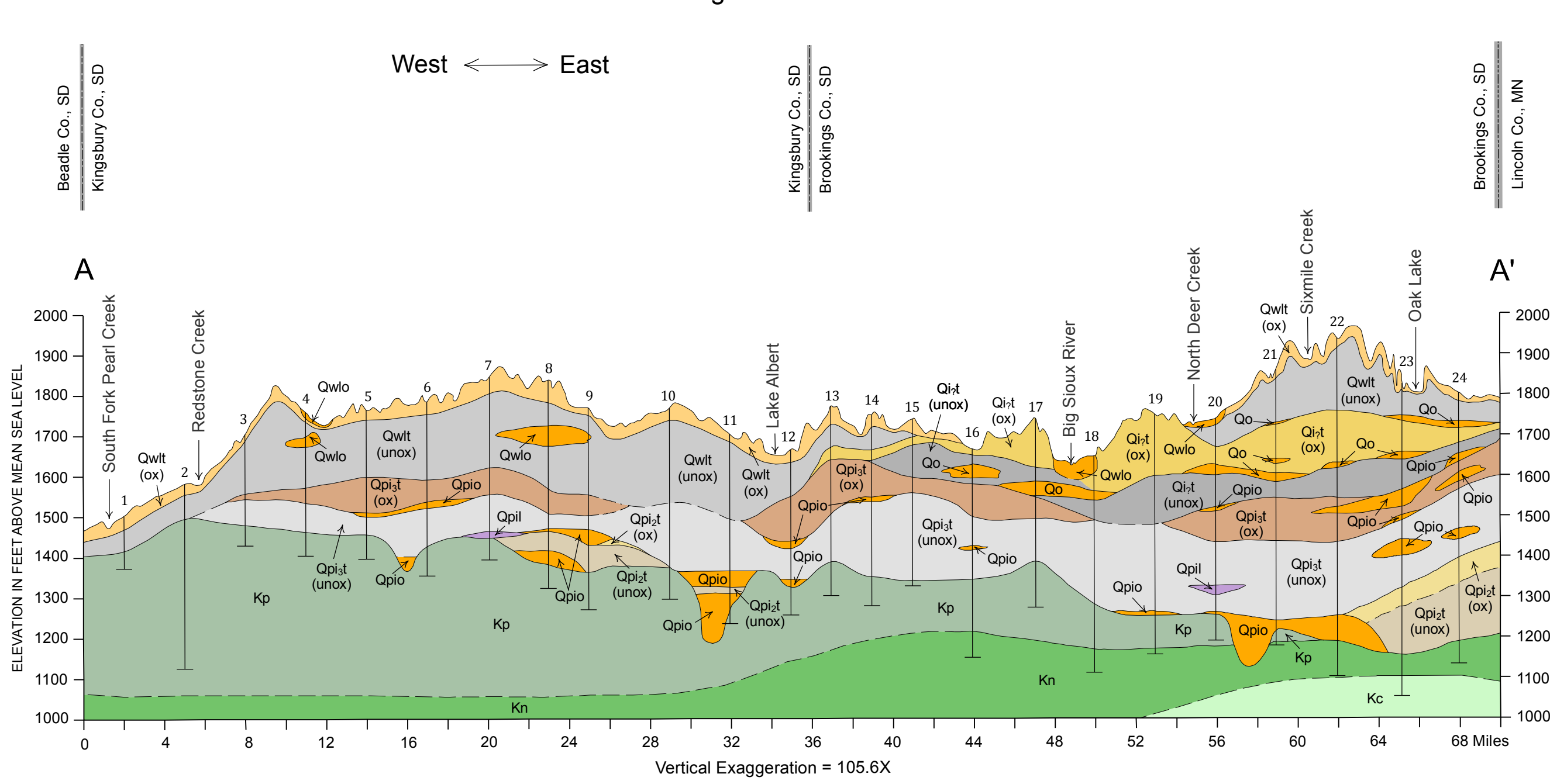
R. 53 W.

CLARK CO., SD

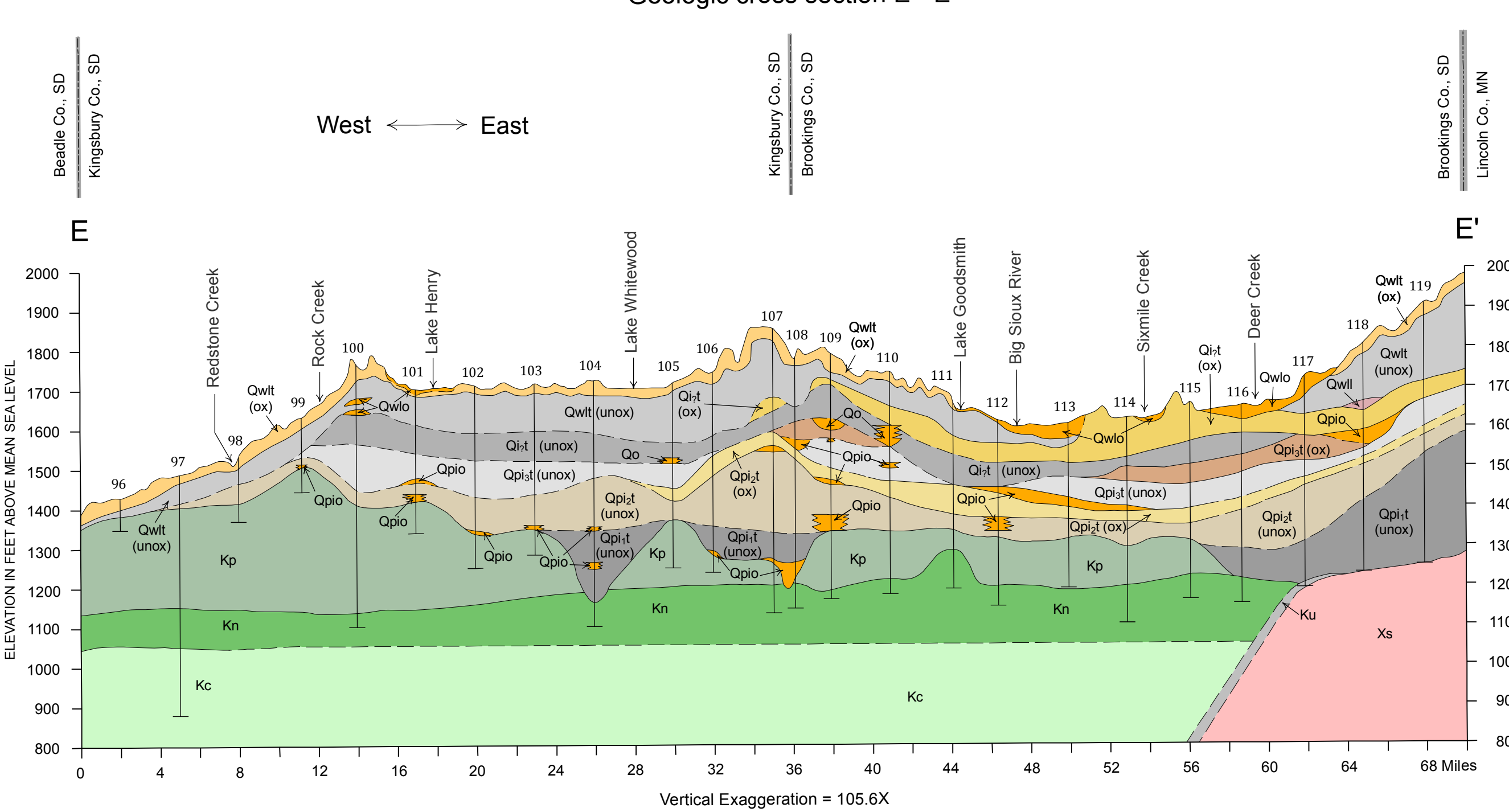
HAMLIN CO., SD

HAMLIN CO., SD

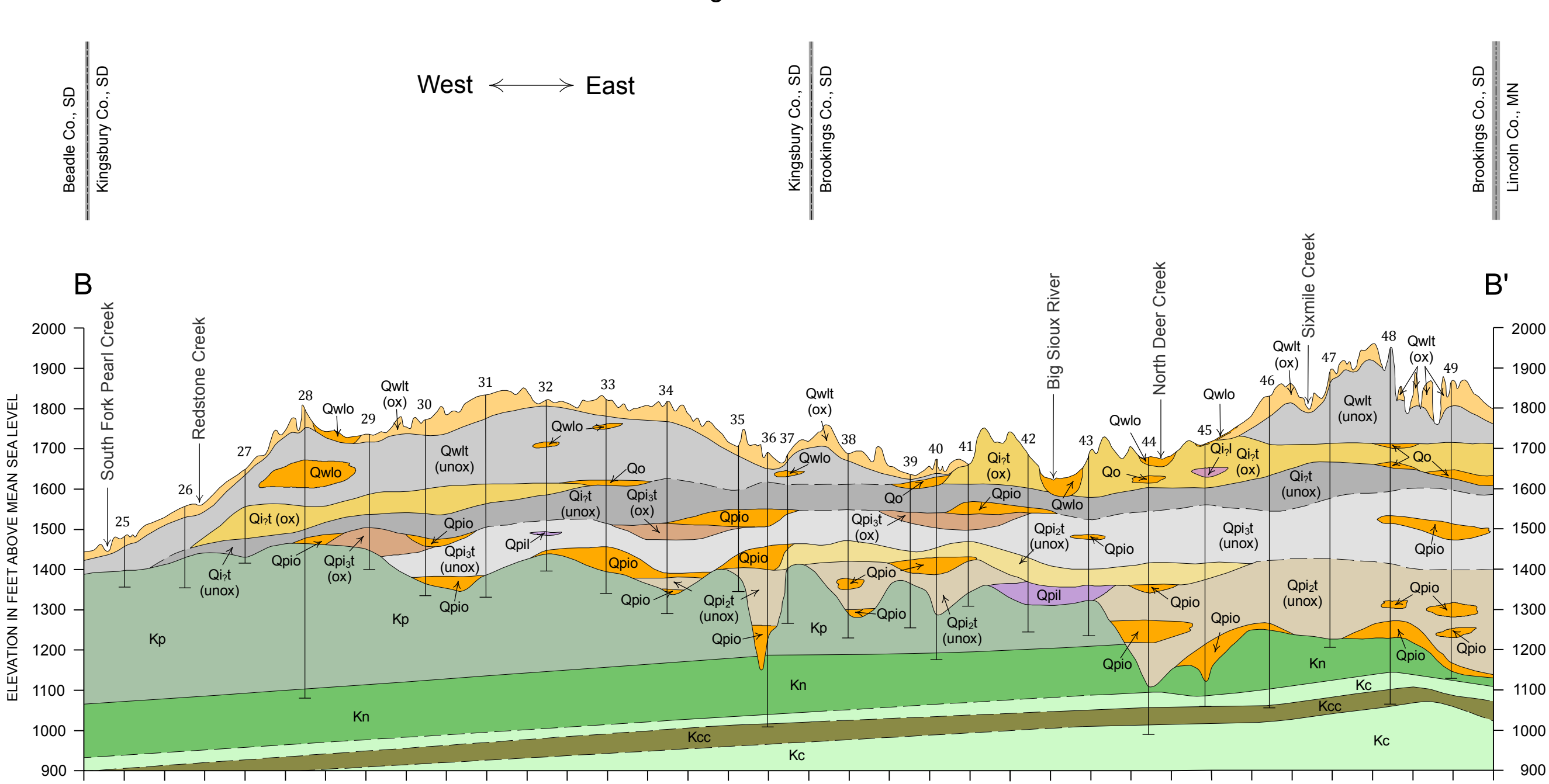
Geologic cross section A - A'



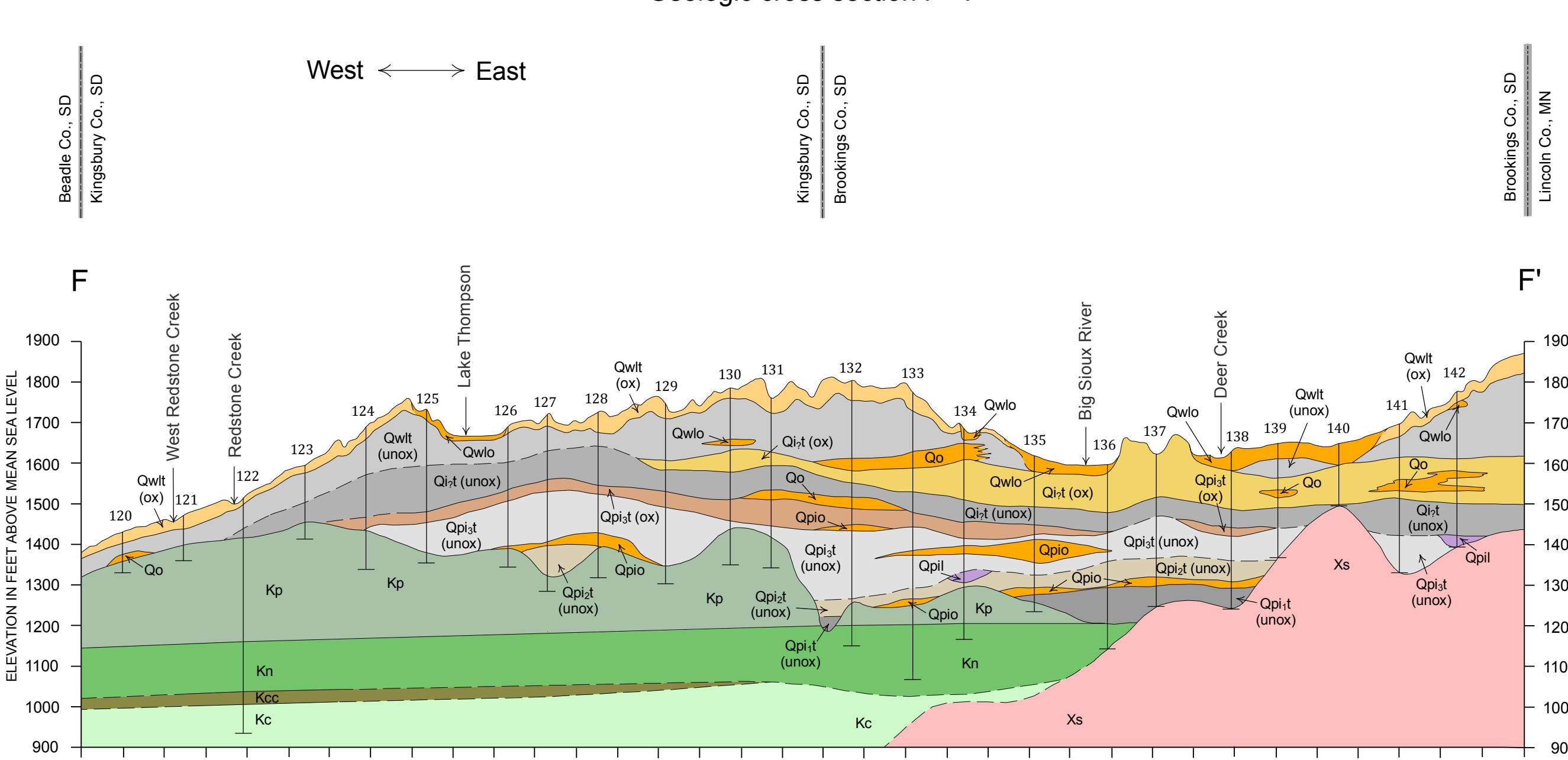
Geologic cross section E - E'



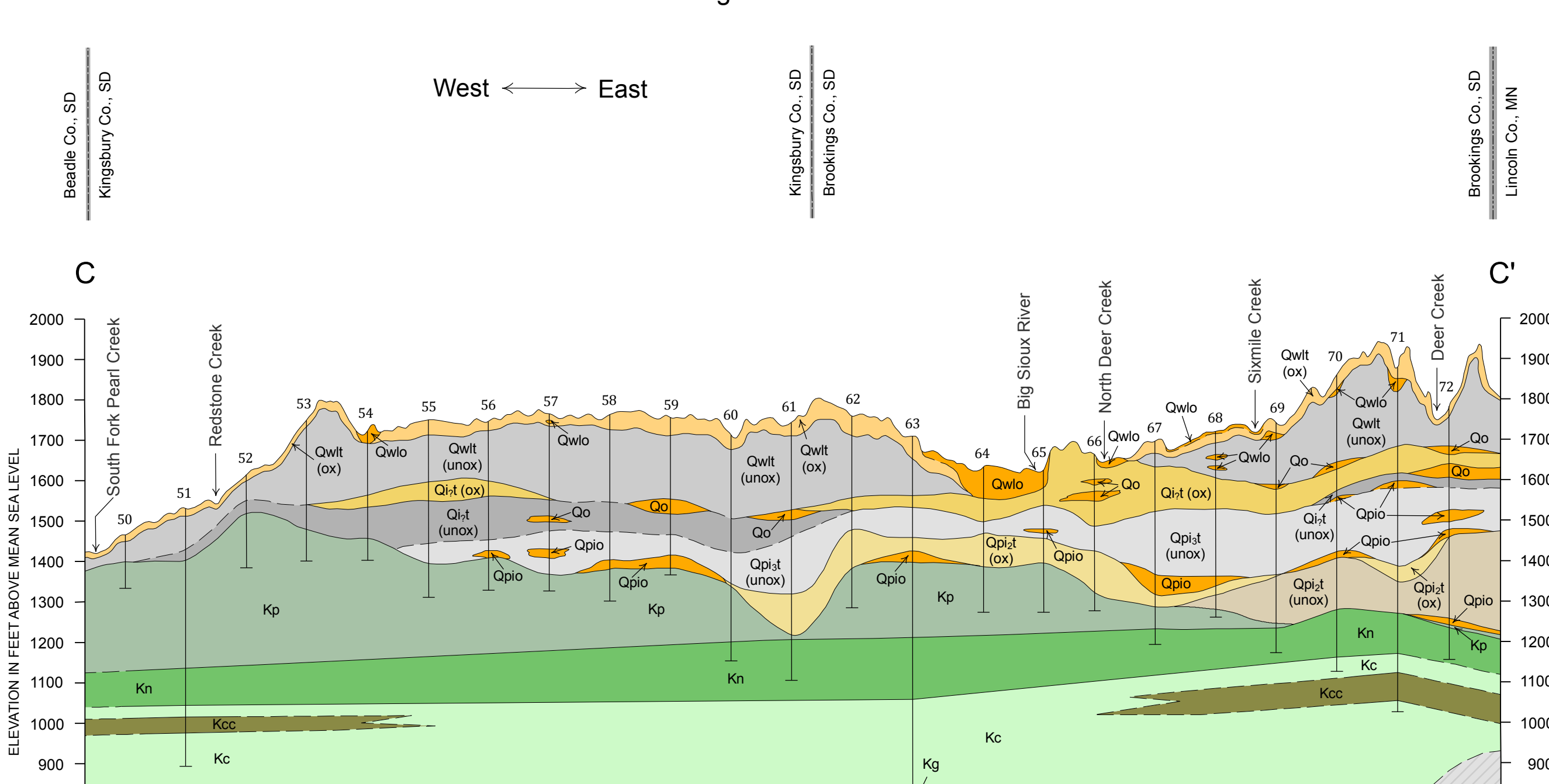
Geologic cross section B - B'



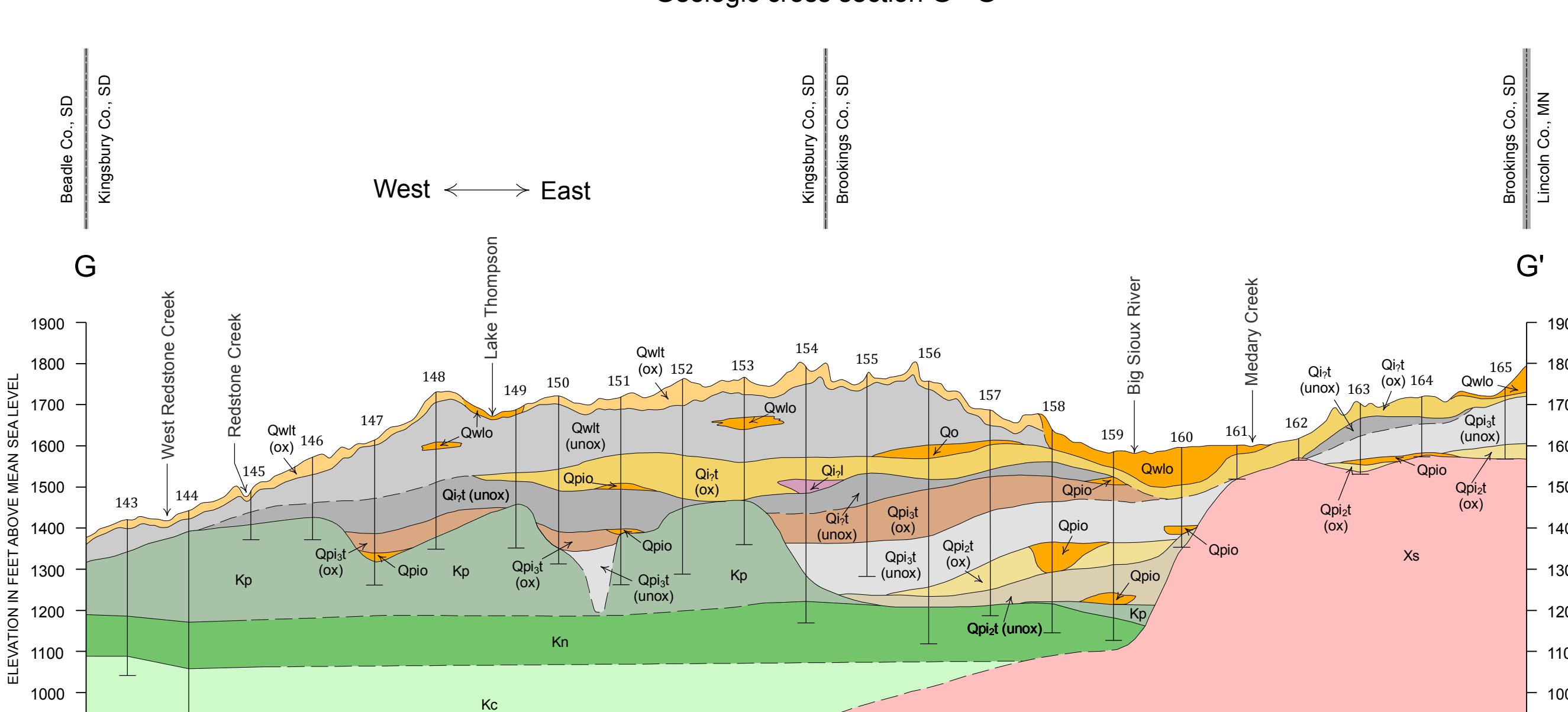
Geologic cross section F - F'



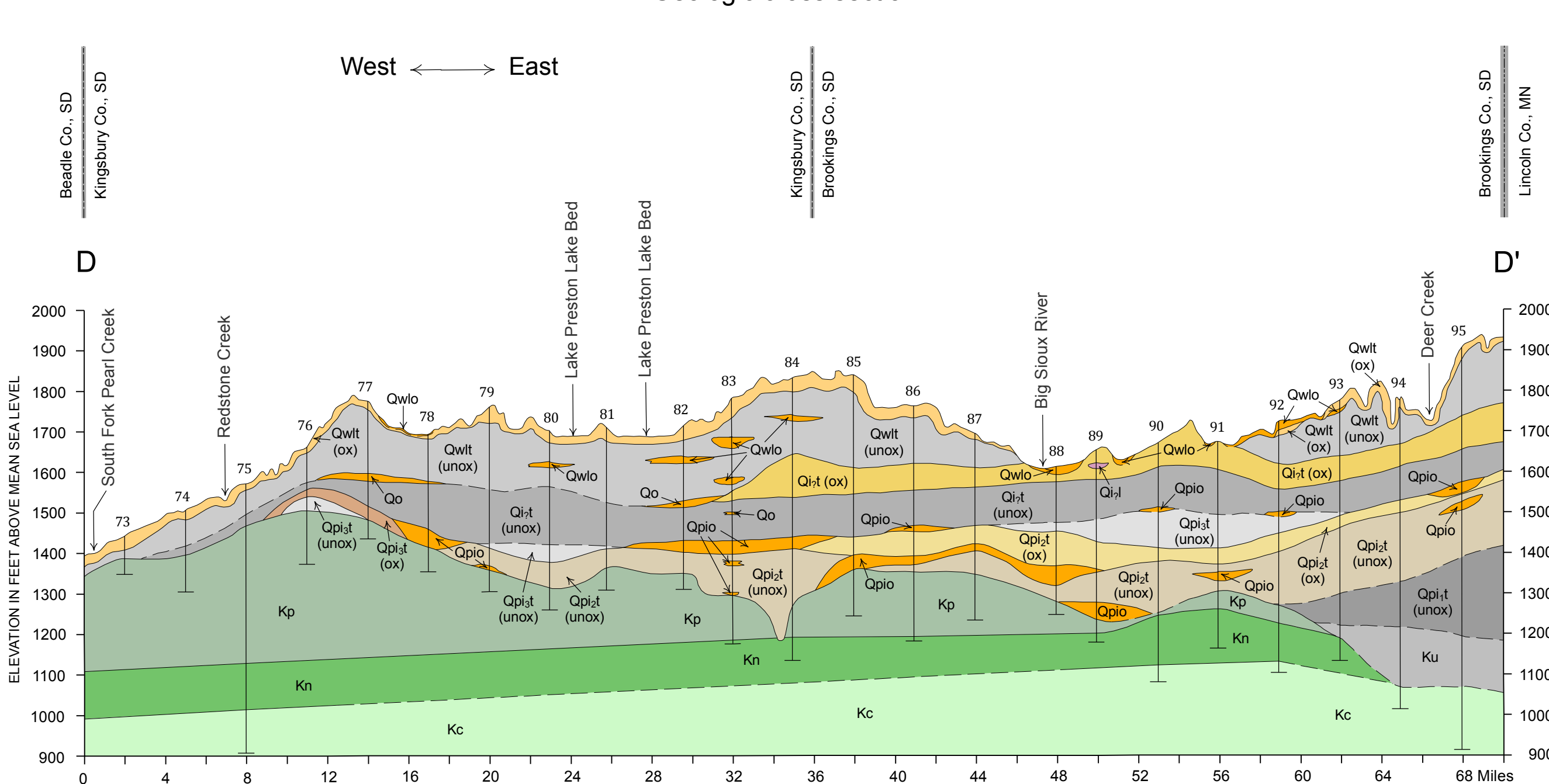
Geologic cross section C - C'



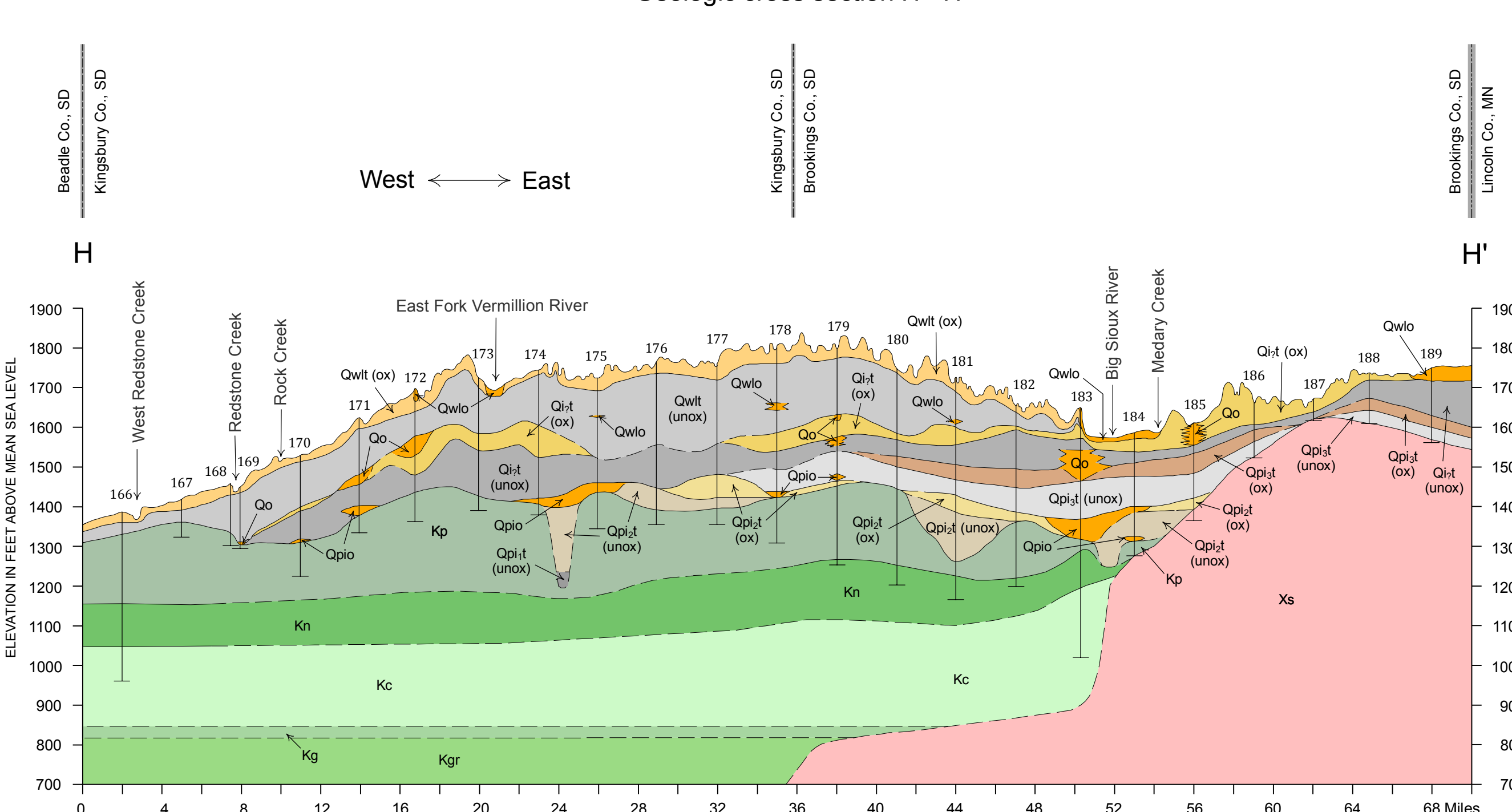
Geologic cross section G - G'

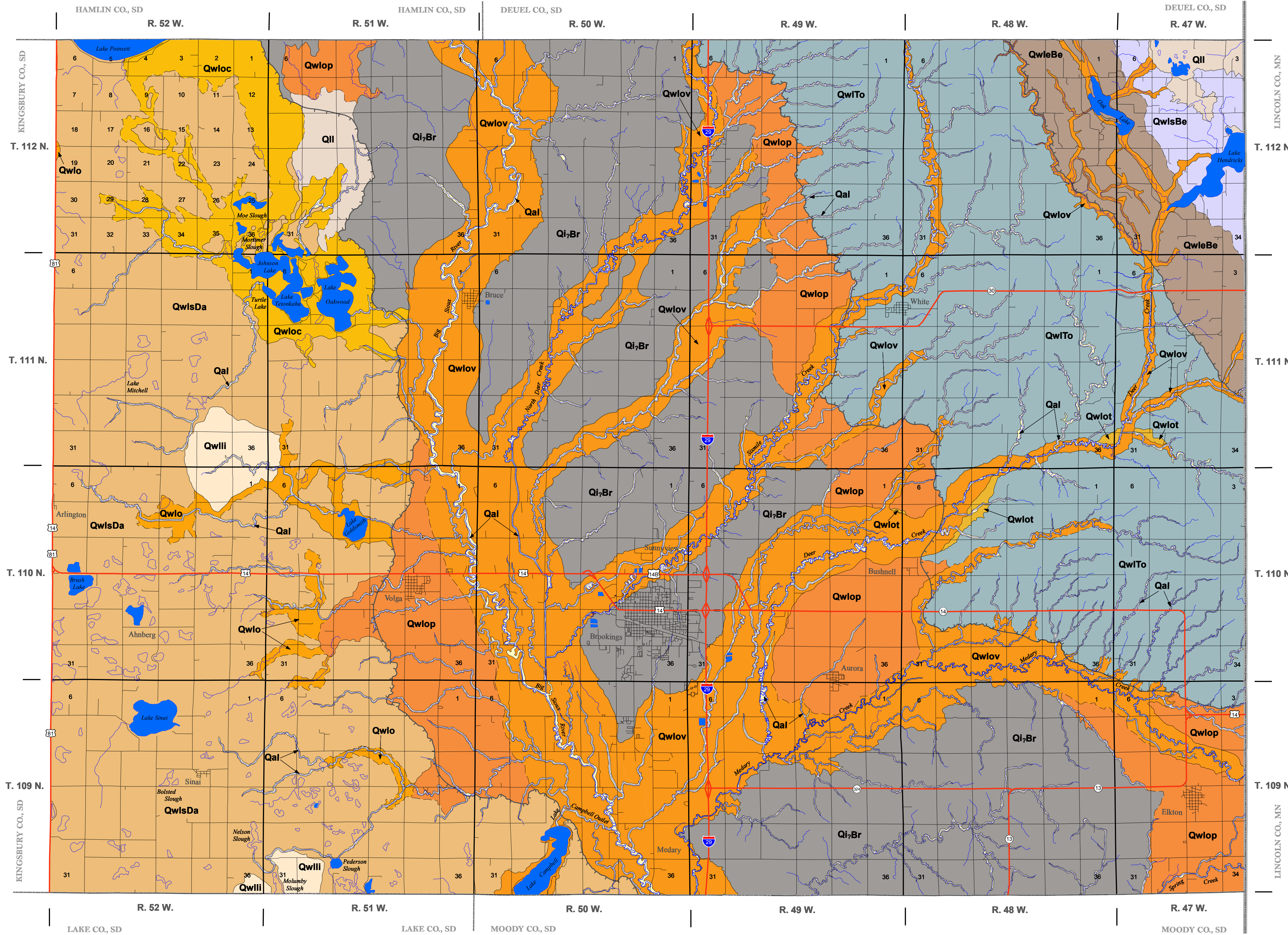


Geologic cross section D - D'



Geologic cross section H - H'





**Plate 4. Geology and landforms of Brookings County, South Dakota.**

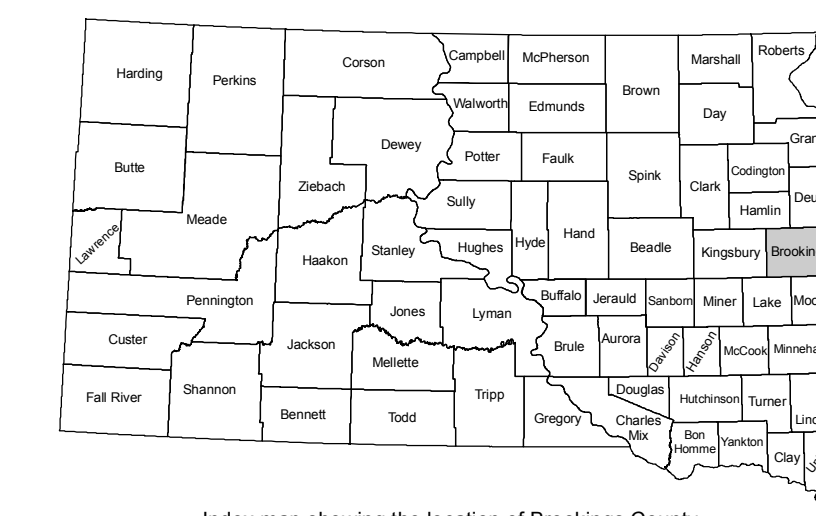
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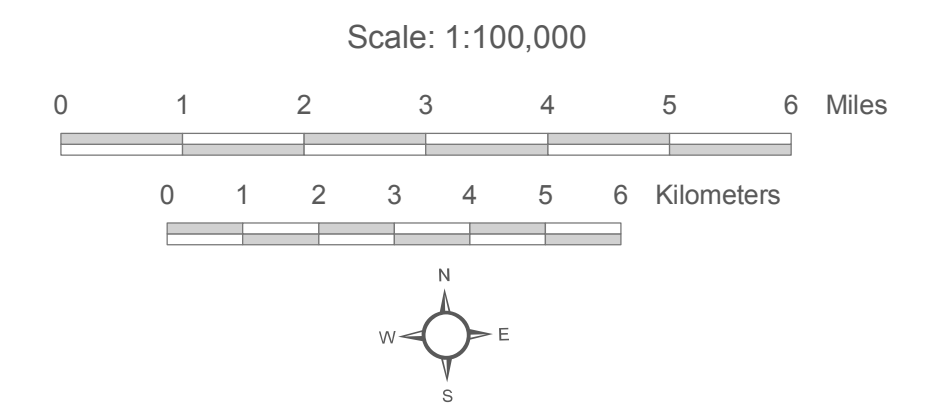
- |   |          |  |   |
|---|----------|--|---|
| QUATERNARY<br>PLEISTOCENE<br>LATE WISCONSIN<br>ILLINOIAN(?) | HOLOCENE |  | <b>Qal</b> Alluvium - Stream deposits of silt and clay with minor amounts of sand and gravel  |
|   |          |  | <b>Qll</b> Lake Sediments - Clay, silt, and minor amounts of fine sand; relatively flat surfaces  |
|   |          |  | <b>Qwlli</b> Ice-Walled Lake Plain - Clay and silt, minor amounts of sand; elevated features, with relatively flat surfaces   |
|   |          |  | <b>Qwlo</b> Outwash Undifferentiated - Sand and gravel of glaciofluvial origin; occurs intermittently as minor, ice marginal stream deposits  |
|   |          |  | <b>Qwlov</b> Valley Train Outwash - Sand and gravel of glaciofluvial origin with minor alluvial overburden confined within a valley, little to no relief  |
|   |          |  | <b>Qwlot</b> Terrace Outwash - Sand and gravel of glaciofluvial origin; flat to slightly sloping surface above the floodplain   |
|   |          |  | <b>Qwlop</b> Outwash Plain - Sand, gravel, and silt of glaciofluvial origin; broad, low relief areas, slight gradient away from ice front or end moraine position   |
|   |          |  | <b>Qwloc</b> Collapsed Outwash - Stagnation material composed of sand and gravel of glaciofluvial origin with minor amounts of till; generally undulating to hummocky topography                              |
|   |          |  | <b>QwlsDa</b> Dakota Stagnation Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; low to medium relief, hummocky, no lineation. Contains many lakes, sloughs, and closed depressions |
|   |          |  | <b>QwleBe</b> Bemis End Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; linear ridge-like landform is highly dissected, has very high relief, and a rugged, hummocky surface       |
|   |          |  | <b>QwlsBe</b> Bemis Stagnation Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; low to medium relief, many closed depressions and sloughs   |
|   |          |  | <b>QwTo</b> Toronto Till Plain - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; medium relief, dissected by many streams. Pronounced downward gradient to the west                          |
|   |          |  | <b>Qi<sub>7</sub>Br</b> Brookings Till Plain - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; appears as a series of low, gently undulating, linear ridges                                  |

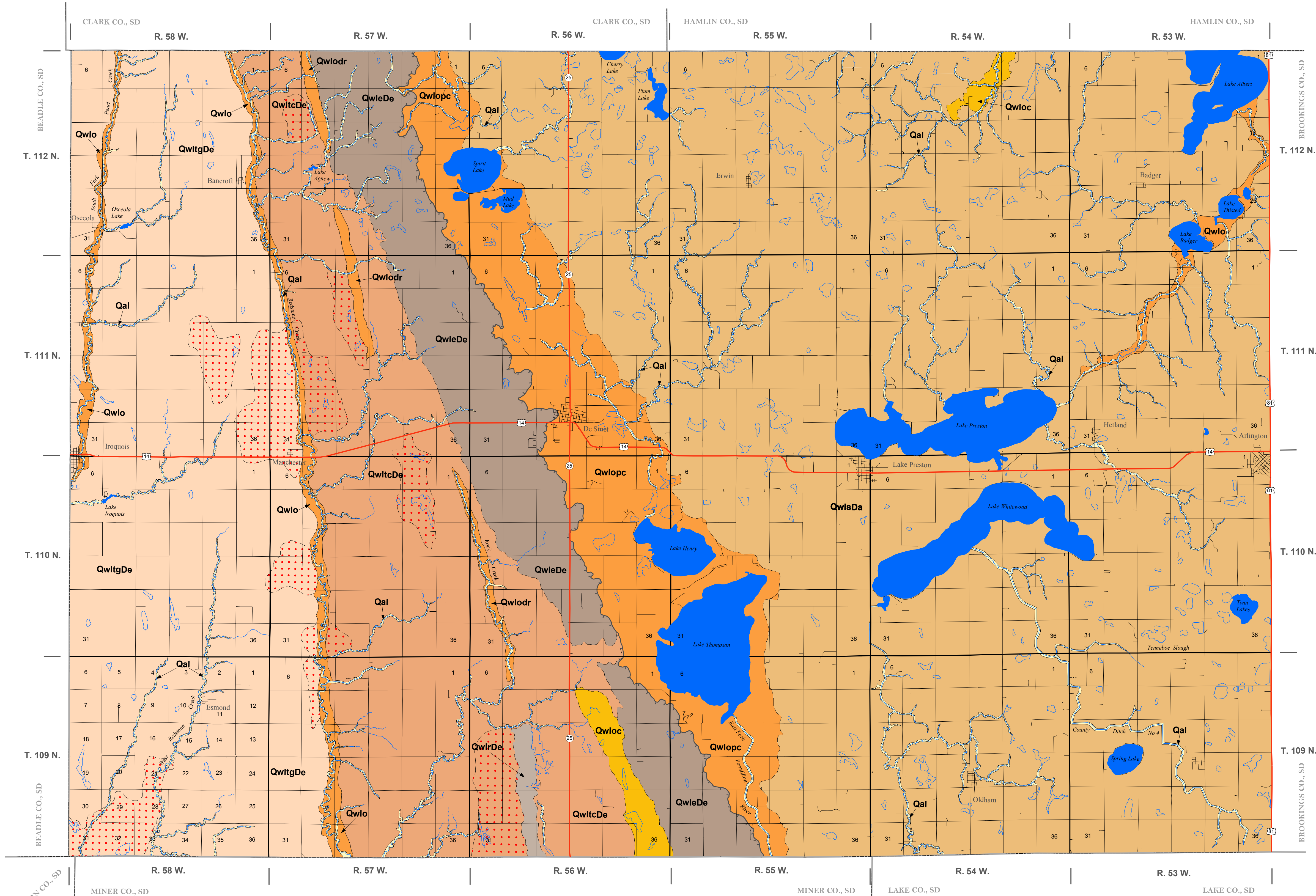
- |  |                             |  |                             |
|--|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
|  | Major highway               |  | Approximate ice margin      |
|  | Road                        |  | River or stream             |
|  | Township boundary           |  | Lake                        |
|  | Geologic contact, uncertain |  | Slough or intermittent lake |
|  | Geologic contact            |  |                             |

For township section numbering system, see T. 112 N., R. 52 W.



Index map showing the location of Brookings County





### Plate 5. Geology and landforms of Kingsbury County, South Dakota.

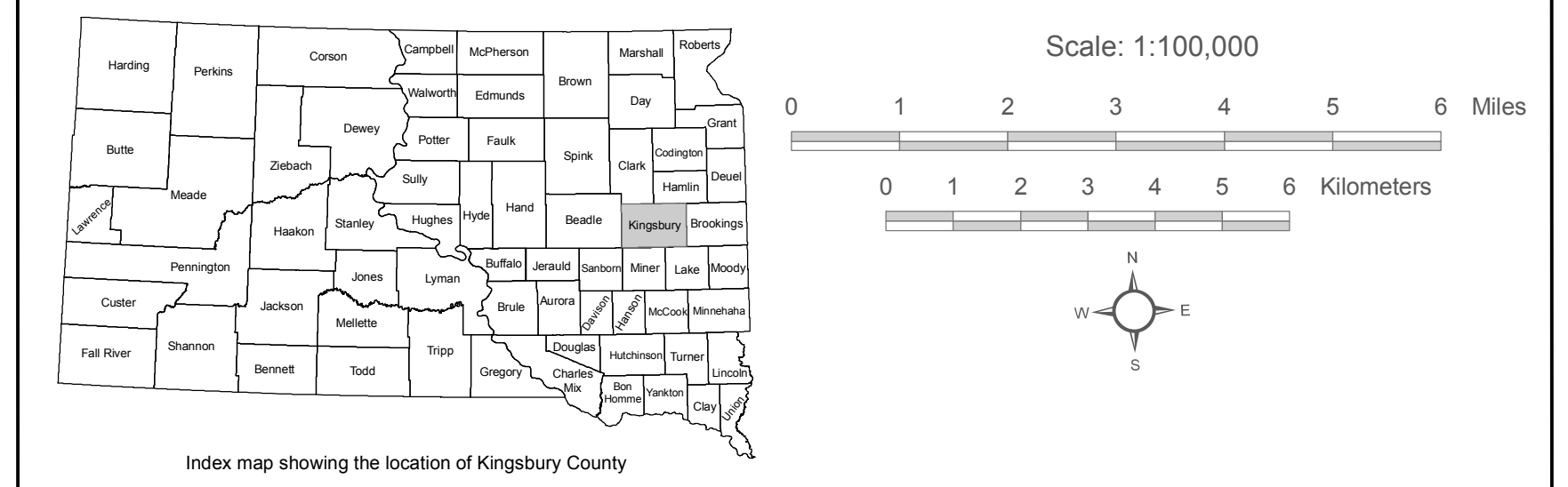
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- |   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| QUATERNARY<br>PLEISTOCENE<br>LATE WISCONSIN |  | <b>Qal</b> Alluvium - Stream deposits of silt and clay with minor amounts of sand and gravel   |
|   |  | <b>Qwlo</b> Outwash Undifferentiated - Sand and gravel of glaciofluvial origin; occurs intermittently as minor, ice marginal stream deposits   |
|   |  | <b>Qwlopc</b> Outwash Plain Collapsed - Sand, gravel, and silt of glaciofluvial origin; broad undulating surface, may contain some deposits of till  |
|   |  | <b>QwloDr</b> Disintegration Ridge - Stagnation material composed of sand and gravel with a mixture of boulders, pebbles, silt, and clay; forms linear ridges  |
|   |  | <b>Qwloc</b> Collapsed Outwash - Stagnation material composed of sand and gravel of glaciofluvial origin with minor amounts of till; generally undulating to hummocky topography   |
|   |  | <b>QwleDe</b> De Smet End Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; high relief, linear ridge-like landform; surface often strewn with boulders   |
|   |  | <b>QwltcDe</b> De Smet Coteau Slope Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; sloped surface topography; some lineation. Stippled pattern denotes areas of stagnation material composed mainly of till        |
|   |  | <b>QwirDe</b> De Smet Recessional Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; medium relief, elevated topography  |
|   |  | <b>QwltgDe</b> De Smet Ground Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; medium relief, some lineation, some closed depressions. Stippled pattern denotes areas of stagnation material composed mainly of till |
|   |  | <b>QwlsDa</b> Dakota Stagnation Moraine - Heterogeneous mixture of boulders, gravel, sand, silt, and clay; low to medium relief, hummocky, no lineation; contains many lakes, sloughs, and closed depressions                                  |

- |  |                             |  |                             |
|--|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
|  | Major highway               |  | Approximate ice margin      |
|  | Road                        |  | River or stream             |
|  | Township boundary           |  | Lake                        |
|  | Geologic contact, uncertain |  | Slough or intermittent lake |
|  | Geologic contact            |  |                             |

For township section numbering system, see T. 109 N., R. 58 W.



Index map showing the location of Kingsbury County