# SOUTH DAKOTA

# STATE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

E.P. Rothrock, State Geologist

REPORT OF INVESTIGATIONS

NO. 4

LOGS OF SOME DEEP WELLS
IN WESTERN SOUTH DAKOTA

University of South Dakota Vermillion, South Dakota

Revised Edition 1946

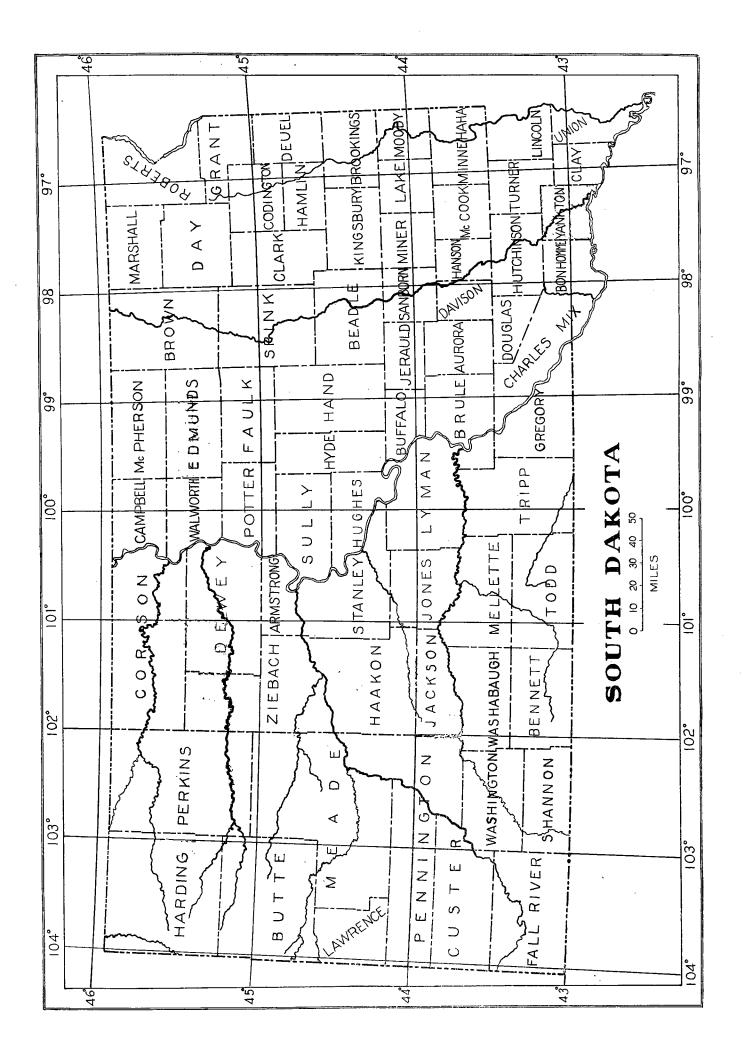
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page
Forward (1936)
AURORA COUNTY
BEADLE COUNTY
BON HOMME COUNTY
BROWN COUNTY Aberdeen City Well No. 4
BRULE COUNTY
BUFFALO COUNTY
BUTTE COUNTY
CHARLES MIX COUNTY
CLARK COUNTY
CLAY COUNTY

CUSTER COUNTY	27 27
DAVISON COUNTY	30 30
DAY COUNTY	
DEWEY COUNTY	32
DOUGLAS COUNTY	
FALL RIVER COUNTY	35 36 37
FAULK COUNTY	
GRANT COUNTY	43
GREGORY COUNTY	
HAAKON COUNTY	49 50 52
HAND COUNTY	
HANSON COUNTY	
HARDING COUNTY	58 58
HUGHES COUNTY	60

Pag	2.
City Well at Menno6	
HYDE COUNTY	
JACKSON COUNTY	
JERAULD COUNTY	_
JONES COUNTY	6
KINGSBURY COUNTY	
LAKE COUNTY	
LAWRENCE COUNTY	
Kennebec Well	1134678
MARSHALL COUNTY	'9 '9
McCOOK COUNTY	
MEADE COUNTY	31 31 32
MELLETTE COUNTY	34

Page MINER COUNTY85 George Johns Farm Well85
MOODY COUNTY
PENNINGTON COUNTY
PERKINS COUNTY
SANBORN COUNTY90 Artesian City Well90
SHANNON COUNTY
SPINK COUNTY93 State School Well93
STANLEY COUNTY
SULLY COUNTY
TODD COUNTY
TURNER COUNTY
YANKTON COUNTY
ZIEBACH COUNTY



### LOGS OF SOME DEEP WELLS IN WESTERN SOUTH DAKOTA

### Forward

The demand for logs of deep wells drilled in the state has been so great that the stock of Report of Investigations No. 4 has been exhausted for several years. Since this report was published in 1936 there has been a considerable increase in deep well drilling in South Dakota and excellent logs are available from most of the newer wells. The older records, however, still are very useful in guiding oil and water prospecting and, therefore, the Survey is republishing this report.

A number of changes have been made in the interest of greater spread and accuracy. Certain records of wells east of the Missouri river have been added and some minor changes are to be found in the older logs. These were brought to light by information unearthed since the logs were first published.

The Survey has just completed a careful examination of the cuttings of all deep wells in its files. This is to be published as a separate report. Some of these logs had been published as drillers! logs or from company reports in the first edition of this report. These logs have been omitted and will appear in the new publication just mentioned.

The logs in these two publications will contain the best geological subsurface information available to date and it is hoped will supply useful information on South Dakota stratigraphy to users of such data.

E.P. Rothrock State Geologist 1946

#### Forward

This compilation of well logs has been made in answer to a persistent demand for information concerning bed rock formations underlying western South Dakota. Interest in the oil possibilities of this region and the problem of the declining artesian water head has given rise to many inquiries for the information which can be obtained from the logs of wells drilled in this region. The demand has come from oil companies, geologists, engineers, municipalities and land owners. It has not been possible to include all the wells that have been drilled because of lack of usable records and various other reasons. The logs included, however, represent the best information available.

These logs have been selected from the files of the State Geological Survey, having been collected over a long period of years by various Survey employees. They are presented here as they were given. Most of them are drillers records. Others had to be obtained by relying on the memory of persons otherwise interested in the drilling. A very few were obtained from records made by company geologists from carefully collected samples. Coming from so many sources it is obvious that there will not be complete agreement in the terms used for various types of sediments and in the details of the logs. By interpolation, however, the main features of stratigraphy can be obtained.

Acknowledgment of the courtesy of the many companies and individuals who have made these logs available is hereby given. Most of the early wells and several of the recent ones were funished by the Norbeck Drilling Company of Redfield, South Dakota. Railroad and oil companies have generously furnished logs and well owners and private individuals have given a great deal of very helpful information.

Acknowledgment is also made of the careful and painstaking work of Mrs. Doris L.M. Anderson which made this compilation possible.

Correlations of these logs with the formations outcropping about the Black Hills have been included in some instances where it was reasonably certain that they were accurate. Those made by company geologists from carefully sampled wells are so indicated. In some logs formation names were used by the drillers and such names are indicated in quotation marks. Correlations not otherwise indicated were made on a lithologic basis by the State Geologist.

E.P. Rothrock State Geologist 1936

### AURORA COUNTY

### <u>City of Plankinton Well</u>

LOCATION: Sec. 22, T. 103 N., R. 64 W., Aurora County

OWNER: City of Plankinton

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1904 CURB ELEVATION: 1530

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper

227, p. 68.

#### Feet

Niobrara	0 - 145 145 - 256 256 - 266 266 - <b>53</b> 8	Drift and clay Chalk rock Sand and soft water Shale, some sandy layers
上、FoTA	538 - 543	Sandstone, with flow +972'd
	543 – 763	Shale, probably with a flow at 646'
P. 5 - L	<u>7</u> 63 - 793 793 - 795	Sandstone with main flow Quartzite (probably Sioux quartzite)

REMARKS: It is believed that the top of the Dakota lies at a depth of 538' in this well. (Quartzite is reported at a depth of 890' at White Lake, with the top of Dakota Sandstone at <del>790</del>

### Raesley Well

LOCATION: SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 28, T. 103 N., R. 63 W., Aurora County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909

CURB ELEVATION: 1490

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper

227, p. 67.

	0 - 90	Drift
<u>Niobrara</u>	90 - 230	Chalk rock
	230 - 260	Sand rock, with soft water
Probably Green-	260 - 308	Blue shale
horn limestone	308 - 328	Hard layers

328 - 477 Shale
477 - 489 Hard sandstone, first flow
489 - 605 Blue sandy shale
605 - 610 Sand rock; second flow, 100 gal.
610 - 675 Shale, with hard layers
575 - 705 Sandstone; third flow, 100 gal.
705 - 716 Gray shale

REMARKS: In this record the sandstone at the top of the Carlile shale at 230 is only 30 thick and its amount is found to be extremely variable in other wells in the vicinity.

### White Lake Well

LOCATION: Sec. 14, T. 103 N., R. 66 W., Aurora County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1887 CURB ELEVATION: 1630'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey, 17th Ann. Rept.,

Part II, Pl. LXXXVIII.

Jako a.	40 - 90 - 120 - 470 - 480 - 585 - 600 - 790 - 792 -	- 480 - 585 - 600 - 790 - 792 - 805	Yellow clay Blue clay Blue sandy clay Shales Lime and pyrites Shale Hard lime and shale Blue clay Sandstone Pyrites and shale
Dia ne acc	792 -	- 805	Pyrites and shale
	805 - 8 <b>4</b> 2 -		Shale and lime Sandstone
12 xc - +	850 -		Quartzite

### BEADLE COUNTY

# State Fair Grounds Well Huron, S. Dak.

LOCATION: State Fair Grounds, Beadle County

1-110N- 62E

OWNER: State Fish & Game Commission

DRILLER: Deepening done by Aberdeen Independent Drilling Co. DATE OF DRILLING: Completed April, 1941

7250°

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Correlation by E.P. Rothrock

### Feet.

	Feet	
Glacial drift Niobrara	10 - 95	Most of clay washed out so that samples look like sand. Angular quartz grains; bits of limestone. Volcanic and metamorphic rocks. Typical. All samples show same character.
	95 225	Shale, probably Niobrara formation. Drilling samples showed gray mud filled with sand grains like those of the drift. At 130 definite flakes of shale were observed and are found in most samples to 230. Where not present the clay in the sample indicates a shaly or chalky horizon.
	225 - 2 <b>45</b>	Chalk rock. Aragonite crystals from shells and some clusters of pyrite crystals.
	245 255 255 365	Shale; cuttings show black mud. Sand. Samples show clean quartz sand with much pyrite in the top and bottom. Most of it is fine sand but should be good water horizon if it is as thick as cuttings indicate.
·	365 -       395         395 -       425         425 -       435         435 -       445         445 -       475         475 -       485	Shale, gray Fine sand; clean Clay, gray Fine sand Clay; considerable pyrite Sand with gray limestone grains and a few aragonite crystals from shells

Probable Greenhorn equiv.	485 -	505	Gray limestone with abundant aragonite crystals from shells and clasters of pyrite crystals
Probable Carlile equiv.	505 <i>-</i> 5 <b>4</b> 5 <i>-</i>		Clay gray Sar, well cemented. Consider- ah e pyrite
	575 – 585 –		I nestone like 485-505 above ay, pyrite and shell fragments
	595 -	60 <b>5</b>	Gray limestone like 575-585 above
	605	695	Gray shale; some samples show clay only; others, flakes of gray shale.
٠	695 –	705	Limestone, dark gray; sugary texture
	705 -	755	Gray shale, containing pyrite and gypsum
	755 - 765 -	765 825	Limestone; gray and tan Shale contains much fine sand at 800°.
	825 - 845 - 1005 -	1005	Sandstone Shale, gray, in flakes Sandy shale. Samples show no flakes or but a few and contain much fine quartz sand in
Dakota = +185 es	1055 -	1128	a clay matrix. Sand; fairly well cemented. Lower portion apparently
	1128 -	1133	quartzitic. Sand; first piece of plagio-
	1133 -	1138	clase feldspar observed. Sand like above. A few pieces of lignite coal
Pre-Cambrian =+ //2 //.	1138 -	1153	Quartzite. All quartz grains broken
	1153 -	11.76	Arkosic quartzite. Consider able amount of quartz flakes either from very hard quartz-
	1176 -	11,78	ites or quartz veins Granite; fine broken quartz; orthoclase and plagioclase feldspars. Chips of hornblende in upper 2. Core at 1178; shows typical diamond shaped cross section of hornblende crystals.

REMARKS: This record is made from cuttings obtained from jetting rig. Samples are therefore badly mixed. Except at bottom, samples were taken at each 10 with no indication of the exact location of change. The contacts, therefore, are placed halfway between samples, indicating passage from one bed to the next.

#### BON HOMME COUNTY

### C.M. & St. P. Ry. Co. at Scotland

LOCATION: Sec. 8, T. 96 N., R. 58 W., Bon Homme County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: About 1892

CURB ELEVATION: 1340'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 34

### Feet

Data 1 + 864	75 90 130 155 195 330 360 395 425 431 436 476 510 585 668	- 528 - 560 - 585 - 668 - 685	Yellow till; blue till Blue clay Chalk Sandstone (water) Blue clay Gray shale Shaly sandstone Blue clay Shaley sandstone (water) Chalk Blue clay Chalk Shaly sandstone (water) Sandstone Shaly sandstone Shaly sandstone Shaly sandstone Shaly sandstone Chalk
102-6-478	<sub>0</sub> 68 <b>5</b>		Quartzite

REMARKS: Stopped flowing in 1912.

# Springfield-Mill Well

LOCATION: Sec. 27, T. 93 N., R. 60 W., Bon Homme County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept., Part II, Pl. XCIII

### Feet

0 - 50 Soil and clay 50 - 150 Chalk

Shale 150 - 440

Shale and sand; water 440 - 518

518 - 530 Hard cap

530 - 592 Sand rock, water

REMARKS: Production was 3290 gal. per minute flow; well diameter, 811.

### Tyndall--Town Well

LOCATION: Sec. 6, T. 94 N., R. 59 W., Bon Homme County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Part II, 17th Ann.

Rept. Pl. XCII

#### Feet

0 - 40 Loam followed by yellow clay

40 - 215 215 - 315 Blue clay

Shale

315 - 322 Hard rock

322 - 397Shale

397 - 457 Sand

457 - 700 Shale

700 - 735Sand rock; water

REMARKS: Diameter,  $4\frac{1}{2}$ "; production, 530 gal. per minute

# BROWN COUNTY

# Aberdeen City Well #4

LOCATION: Sec. 12 (?), T. 123 N., R. 64 W., Brown County OWNER: City of Aberdeen

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: 1300

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S.G.S. Folio 165

### Feet

			•
Quaternary	0 -	2 20	Black soil
	2 -	20	Yellow clay or loam
	20 -	<b>3</b> 2	Blue clay or till
	32 -	90	Ouicksand
Pierre, Niobran	a 90 -	185	Dark gray waxy shale
and Benton	185 -	310	Black shale, somewhat calcareous
	310 <i>-</i>	397	Brown shale
<del>-</del>		420	Gray shale, slightly calcareous
	420 -	600	Light gray shale, very slightly
			calcareous
	600 -	700	Dark gray shale, somewhat calcareous
	700 -	800	Light gray shale
Dakota = +500'	800 <sup>-</sup> –	920	Light gray sand and shale
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	920 -	935	Sand rock, calcareous-380 gal. flow
	935 -	995	Conglomerate (claystone nodules in
			sand, somewhat calcareous)
	995 -	1000	White sand rock (calcareous) flow
			300 gal.
	1000 -	1077	Blue shale
	1077 -	1100	White fine grained sand rock; flow
			400 gal.
	1100 -	1135	Conglomerate (sand nodules cemented
			with iron pyrite, etc.)
	1135 -		Blue shale, somewhat calcareous
	1172 -	1177	Pink and white shale
	1177 -	1211	White sand rock (medium white water
			worn quartz sand); no water
Algonkian +89'	1211 -	1257	Quartzite (coarse gray water worn
			quartz sand)
Granite	1257 -	1290	Granite, medium gray
•			

REMARKS: 1080 gal. per minute flow

### Columbia Town Well

LOCATION: Sec. 28, T. 125 N., R. 62 W., Brown County

OWNER: Town of Columbia

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING:

CURB ELEVATION: 1305'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S.G.S. 17th Ann. Rept. Part II,

Pl. LXXIII, pp. 618-19

```
Feet
       20
            Yellow clay
  0 -
 20 -
       28
            Quicksand
 28 -
       38
            Blue clay
 38 -
            Quicksand
       68
 68 - 82
            Gravel
            Blue clay
 82 -- 90
 90 - 1.05
             Quicksand
105 - 114
            Hardpan
114 - 469
             Gray shale
             Hard limestone
469 - 471
471 - 514
             Tough, blue shale
             Hard limestone
514 - 519
519 - 719
             Blue shale
719 - 721
721 - 751
             Sandstone
             Sandy shale, small flow
751 - 801
             Gray shale
             Sandy shale, small flow
801 - 856
856 - 862
             Broken limestone
862 - 867
             Sandstone, flow
867 - 887
             Blue shale
887 - 892
             Pyrites and lime
892 - 902
             Sandstone, flow
             Lime, sand and shale
902 - 927
             Sandstone, main flow
927 - 964
```

REMARKS: 940 gal. per minute production

#### BRULE COUNTY

Although approximately 150 wells have been drilled for water in Brule county, only a few logs are available. The following are included because they will be useful in throwing light on problems in the county west of the Missouri river. All of the following wells were drilled for water.

### Chamberlain City Wells

LOCATION: Sec. 15, T. 104 N., R. 71 W., Brule County

OWNER: City of Chamberlain

DRILLER: Page Guthrie and Mahanna and Johnson

DATE OF DRILLING: 1891 and 1900

CURB ELEVATION: 1547

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Secured by T.W. Robinson, Jr., from the

Chamberlain Register of August 30, 1900,

and from Wm. Mussman, City Auditor

Correlation by E.P. Rothrock, January, 1936

Alluvium?  Pierre  Niobrara	0 - 3 3 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 110 110 - 125 125 - 155 155 - 200 200 - 250 250 - 400	Marl Clay Blue clay Oil rock Chalk rock Chalk rock, dark Chalk rock
Carlile	400 - 415	Shale
Greenmorn		Glata made
Graneros	415 - 521	State rock (Croonborn 2)
	521 - 538	
	538 - 550	Shale
*	<b>55</b> 0 - 600	
State a Printer and the State	600 - 713	Shale
Dakota = + 532.	713 - 720	Sand rock, first flow and shell, hard rock contains iron
	720 - 750	
	750 - 758	Chalk
	758 – 775	Sand rock; water in upper $2^{\circ}$ , flow $\frac{1}{4}$ gal. per minute
	775 - 780	Snale
	780 800	Mixture of shale, sand and pyrites. The drilling below this point (780°) so mixed the formation with the flowing water that could not determine just what formation was.

	800 - 806 806 - 812	Sand rock Soft shale
	8 <b>1</b> .2 · · 850	Sand rock, hard
`	850 - 892	Sand rock, soft
	892 - 902	Quick sand
Fuson?	902 980	Shale. Struck water at 960'
	•	which flowed about 2" over 6" pipe,
		of which there were 873 3" in hole.
Lakota	980 - 983	Sand. In this vein the flow in-
		creased to 44" above top of 4" pipe
		which was perforated through.

REMARKS: This record is a compilation of two well logs, one drilled to 785' by Page Guthrie in 1891 and the other located 100' north of it, drilled to 983 by Mahanna and Johnson in 1900.

# Power Well, Chamberlain

LOCATION: T. 104 N., R. 71 W., Brule County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227,

p. 75

0 22	Sand and gravel
22 - 42	Blue clay
42 - 132	Chalk rock
132 - 498	Blue clay, tough and dark below
498 - 507	Sand
507 - 555	Tough dark clay
555 - 584	Sand and clay with flow
<b>584</b> - 612	Fine dark sand, very fine below
612 - 619	Hard sand rock
61.9 - 633	Compact sandstone
<b>633</b> - 689	Sandstone under capstone yielding a
	flow of 4350 gal. per minute from an
	8" pipe

### Kimball Town Well

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 3, T. 103 N., R. 68 W., Brule County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895

CURB ELEVATION: Approximately 1785

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept., Part II,

Pl. LXXXIX

#### Feet

0 - 230 Clay

230 - 330 Quicksand

330 - 940 Shale

940 - 960 Sand rock

960 - 980 "Salt" and rock

980 - 988 Hard rock

988 - 1068 Soft sand rock

REMARKS: Well diameter,  $4\frac{1}{4}$ "; production, 185 gal. per minute

# Well on Carpenter Farm, near Pukwana

LOCATION: Sec. 35, T. 104 N., R. 70 W., Brule County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper

227, p. 75

#### Feet

0 - 60 Black loam 60 - 72 Yellow sand 72 - 196 Blue clay 196 - 435 Chalk rock

435 - 536 Black clay

536 - 559 First sand

559 - 749 Blue-black clay

749 - 771 Second sand

771 - 845 Light chalky clay

845 - 907 Third sand ("Dakota" sandstone)

REMARKS: This well is on high land and the chalk rock is overlain by over 100 of Pierre clay

### Well No. 2 of Town of F.kwana

LOCATION: Sec. 26, T. 104 N., R. 70 W., Brule County

OWNER: Town of Pukwana

DRILLER: Olaf Rasmussen, Kimball, South Dakota

DATE OF DRILLING: 1912 CURB ELEVATION: 1582

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Collected by B.A. Iverson, 1912, as

reported by Olaf Rasmussen

#### Feet

0 - 50 Boulder clay 50 - 225 Pierre shale 225 - 425 Niobrara chalk 425 - 785 Benton shale 785 - 790 Unreported 790 - 830 Dakota sandstone

REMARKS: 49 lb. pressure per sq. in. Temperature, 60°

### BUFFALO COUNTY

### Crow Creek Agency

LOCATION: On Missouri River, Buffalo County

OWNER:

DRILLER: U.S. Indian Service

DATE OF DRILLING: 1896

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper

227, p. 76

#### Feet

40 78 78 - 88 88 - 242 242 - 252 252 - <b>4</b> 09	Gravelly beds, some clay Gray clay on thin bed of small gravel Gray shale Gray limestone Gray chalk, etc., with first flow at
409 <b>- 435</b> 435 <b>-</b> 700 700 <b>-</b> 760 760 <b>-</b> 780	409' Pyrites Shale (?) on 3' layer of pyrites Shale with pyrites Sandstone; main flow

REMARKS: Closed pressure, 180 lbs. plus; temperature, 72°

Drifting Goose Community Well

LOCATION: Sec. 8, T. 107 N., R. 71 W., Buffalo County

OWNER: Drifting Goose

DRILLER:

Da. No. 1 = 4

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

0 - 20	Gumbo
20 - 250	Gray shale. 3" casing to 120". Dark
	lines show coupling and lead packing be-
	tween 2" and 3" pipe. 3" pipe driven to
	water tight joint in shale
250 - 350	Medium gray shale
<b>350 - 520</b>	Medium gray shale
520 -	Cap rock 10 thick. Dark tough formation
	helow same

520	<b>-</b> , -	700	Shale
700			Very loose formation with numerous
			layers of pyrites of iron
800		900	About the same as above. Tough
		^	shale, light gray and brownish tinge
			in color. 10" of gray quartzite
900	_	955	Unrecorded
955	٠	965	Sand rock

REMARKS: Approximately 50 gal. per minute production

### BUTTE COUNTY

# Blanche Hamilton Oil Test No. 1

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 32, T. 8 N., R. 1 E., Butte County

OWNER:

DRILLER: Wy-Tex Oil Company DATE OF DRILLING: 1932

CURB ELEVATION: Approximately 3500° SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Furnished by R.P. Harmon, driller

70 - 145 - 210 235 260 300 325 355 390 400 460 810	260 300 325 355 390 400 460 810 860 890 975 980 990 1000 1014 1020	Red rock Red rock, caving Red rock Red rock Red rock Red rock Red rock, hole caving, dump water
975 - 980 -	980 990	Hard limestone
990	1000	Very hard limestone
1014 -	1020	Broken sand
1030	1050	Shale with hard shells
1050 1080	1100	Red clay, caving Red sandstone
1100 1117		Red sandstone, red clay breaks Hard limestone
1120 1135		Hard gray limestone Hard sand
1140 - 1155 -		White water sand Hard sand
1170 - 1180 -	1180	Water sand
1185 -	1190	Hard lime
1200		Hard brown sand Pink lime

```
1205 - 1215
              Water sand, very hard
1.215 - 1.230
              Hard white lime
1.230 - 1250
              Sand
1250 - 1255
              Hard sandy shell
1255 - 1260
              Soft coarse sand showing gas
1.260 - 1.265
              Soft sand
1.265 - 1.270
              Lime
1.270 - 1.275
              Hard sand
1.275 - 1.280
              Hard lime shell
1.280 - 1.285
              Soft pink lime
1.285 - 1.295
              Pink lime
1.295 - 1.300
              Red sandstone
1.300 - 1.31.0
              Dark gray lime, hard
1310 - 1315
              Hard sand
1.315 - 1.325
              White sand
1325 - 1328
              Hard lime shell
1328 - 1335
              Light gray limestone
1335 - 1345
              Dark gray limestone
1345 - 1355
              Pink lime with breaks of chert
1355 - 1365
              Hard pink lime, chert breaks
1.365 - 1385
              Pink lime with breaks, brown shale (cut-
               tings from well show salmon colored sand
               stone)
1385 - 1400
              Pink lime
1.400 - 1407
              Red clay
1.407 - 1.41.5
              Conglomerate
1415 - 1435
              Conglomeration, blue, green shale; red
               clay; chalk and chert
              Running sand
3435 - 1445
1.445 - 1450
              Conglomerate
1450 - 1458
              Sand, showing more water
1458 - 1462
              Sand
1462 - 1510
              Pink sand
1510 - 1520
              Sand
1520 - 1527
              Hard sandy limestone
1527 - 1529
              Soft gray sand, show of oil and gas
```

REMARKS: The Blanche Hamilton Well No. 1 was drilled as an oil test by the Wy-Tex Oil Company. It lies in the foot hills of the Black Hills and furnishes a representative log for that part of the county. The well is located 9 miles west of Belle Fourche.

### Chambers Ranch Well

LOCATION: SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 8, T. 8 N., R. 1 E., Butte County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1899

CURB ELEVATION: Approximately 34509

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 227

### Feet

Dakota-Lakota 0 - 10 10 - 300	Soil Sandstone and clay; water rising to 100' at -180'
<u>Sundance</u> 300 - 490 490 - 540	Clay, some sandstone Reddish sandstone; water rising to 100° in gray sandstone at -540°
Spearfish       540 - 580         580 - 685       685 - 700	Green shale and clay Red sandstone Red beds under hard ironstone layer

REMARKS: Obtained no flow and was finally abandoned

### Experiment Farm Well at Newell

LOCATION: 2 miles NW. of Newell, Butte County, NE. \(\frac{1}{4}\), SW. \(\frac{1}{4}\), NE. \(\frac{1}{4}\), Sec. 24, T. 9 N., R. 5 E.

OWNER:

3 (C) 3

DRILLER: C.C. Miller, Newell, and Fred Goodstein, Casper, Wyoming

DATE OF DRILLING: Commenced July 12, 1934; completed, 1935

CURB ELEVATION: 2874'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Cuttings on file at State School of Mines, Rapid City; correlation by John Paul Gries

CRETACEOUS		•
Pierre	0 - 800	Shale, gray
Niobrara 80	990 – 990	Shale, gray, calcareous
	90 - 1380	Shale, gray
	30 - 1410	Shale, gray, calcareous
	LO - 2400	Shale, gray
	00 - 2440	Sandstone, colorless to yellow
Fuson 244	<b>1</b> 0 – 25 <b>35</b>	Shale, brick-red to green
Lakota 253	35 - 2570	Sandstone, white to colorless
257	70 – 2580	Sandstone, colorless to yellow
258	30 - 2640	Sandstone, siltstone and clay

JURASSIC		
<u>Morrison</u>	2640 - 2800	Clay, green, some layers silty; many rounded sand grains
Sundance	2800 - 3010 3010 - 3120	Clay, silt and sand, gray to green Clay, silt and sand, light gray to green, glauconitic
	3120 - 3200 3200 - 3280 3280 - 3290	Clay, silty, gray, brown and buff Sandstone, white to buff, glauconitic Clay, gray
TRIASSIC		
Spearfish	3290 - 3500	Shale, grading from chocolate brown above to reddish brown below
	3500 - 3520	Anhydrite, gypsum, some limestone and sand, white to gray
	3520 - 3530	Sand, colorless to orange, sharp
	3530 - 4160	Shale, red-brown, some gypsum
	4160 - 4200	Shale, white to buff and pink, some calcareous
PERMIAN	4200 - 4210	Clay, gray
Minnekahta	4210 - 4270	Limestone, pink to white, some red clay
Opeche PENNSYLVANIAN	4270 - 4350	Shale, red and limestone, red to white
<u>Minnelusa</u>	4350 - 4400	Sandstone, colorless, to bottom of hole at 4400

REMARKS: Abstract of detailed study: subdivision of the Cretaceous shales is based primarily on lithology. Likely a study of the microfossils would increase the thickness of the Green-horn at the expense of the Graneros. Thickening of the Jurassic section is the most conspicuous feature when compared with the measured Black Hills section.

#### CHARLES MIX COUNTY

### Lake Andes Well

LOCATION: Sec. 9, T. 96 N., R. 65 W., Charles Mix County

/&30 22

OWNER:

DRILLER: U.S. Government

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1896

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

and U.S. Geol. Survey 18th Ann. Rept.,

Part 4, Pl. XXXVIII

### Feet

	0 - 20 20 - 45 45 - 55 55 - 130 130 - 163 163 - 180 180 - 265 265 - 280 280 - 335 335 - 475 475 - 520 520 - 550 550 - 615 615 - 623	Blue clay and hardpan Sand and gravel Blue boulder clay Sand and gravel Black shale ("Pierre"?) Blue shale, with lime Lime rock (chalk?) Yellow sandy shale Gray shale Blue shale, with lime Shelly lime rock Blue shale Sandstone, light color
intota +5° Tel.	$ \begin{array}{r} 623 - 725 \\ 725 - 773 \\ 773 - 775\frac{1}{2} \end{array} $	Sandstone, light color

REMARKS: Production, 1500 gal. per minute; temperature, 70°; pressure, 70 lbs. per sq. in.

"The sandy beds that lie a short distance below the supposed chalk probably represent the sandstone member which is persistent under a wide area in southeastern South Dakota. The layers of lime rock which extend from 520 to 550' represent the Greenhorn limestone horizon in the Benton group. The precise boundary between the Benton and Dakota is difficult to discern in the record as given, but probably it is at a depth of 725', the sandstone extending from this depth to 773' and yielding a 1500 gallon flow of water."

# Driller s Well Log

# Abbreviated Palensky Oil Test

LOCATION: SE. corner, NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 15, T. 95 N., R. 65 W.,

Charles Mix County

OWNER: J.E. Palensky, et al.

DRILLER: R.H. Ewart

DATE OF DRILLING: 1928 and 1929

CURB ELEVATION: 1728'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: R.H. Ewart

0 -	20	Glacial drift
		Reddish brown clay
30 -	40	Blue clay, shaley
40 -	60	Grey shale
60 -	80	Blue shale, clayey
60 <b>-</b> 80 -	120	Grey sticky shale
120 -	200	Bluish grey shale
200 -		Grey shale
<b>315</b> –		Dark grey shale
380 –		Light grey shale
440 -		Grey shale, caving
500 -		Light grey shale
505 -		Grey sand, water at 506', rose 90' to
202 -	JAU	100 in casing; first 10' soft; last 5'
		firm
520 -	532	Grey sand, firm
520 – 532 –		Brown sand; first half soft; second
502 -	<i>33</i> 0	half hard
550 -	570	Grey sand
570 <i>-</i>		Light grey shale
640		Grey shale
680 -		Light grey shale
720 -		Grey shale
740 -		Dark grey shale
740 - 765 -		Blue sandy shale
775 -		
800 -		Dark brown shale
835 -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
855 -		
865 -		Brown sand, very loose. Water rose to
005 -	010	about 350% of the top.
875 -	900	Brown, fine firmer (one very hard place
0/0 -	080	3° thick)
890 -	900	
900 -		v S v
91.0 -	925	Sticky greÿ sħale

```
925 - 932
                                Light sand; water rose in casing
                                 within 300 of top
                   932 -
                          965
                                 Light sand, water
                   965 -
                          967
                                 Grey shale
                                 Soft sand, light; water
                   967 - 990
                   990 - 1020
                                 Quicksand
                  1020 - 1021
                                 White shale or light grey
                  1021 - 1026
                                Very hard sand
                  1026 - 1030
                                 Grey sandy shale
                  1030 - 1108
                                 Quicksand
                                 Hard shell, sandy lime
                  1108 - 1110
                  1110 - 1115
                                 Shal.e
                  1115 - 1158
                                 Quicksand
                                 Hard shell, sandy lime
                  1158 - 1160
                  1160 - 1171
                                 Sand
                  1171 - 1174
1174 - 1180
                                 Sand, shale
                                 Sand, light
                  1180 - 1185
                                 Grey shale
                  1185 - 1200
                                 Sand
                  1200 - 1205
                                 Sand
                  1205 - 1215
                                 Sand and shells, streaks of shale
                  1215 - 1225
                                 Hard sand
                  1225 - 1240
                                 Sand, shaley
                  1240 - 1280
                                 Light grey shale
                                 Various colors
                  1280 - 1288
                                 Very light grey slippery shale
                  1288 - 1290
                                 Brown shale with thin sandy streaks
                  1290 - 1300
                                 Light sand. Water to 200 of top (the
                  1300 - 1305
John 1 + 428'el
                                 last water sand to date 1820 depth)
                                 Light sand; loose running sand
                  1305 - 1315
                  1315 - 1330
                                 Firmer sand
                  1330 - 1335
                                 Sandy shale; light grey
                  1335 - 1342
                                 Hard sand
                  1342 - 1345
                                 Hard sandy shale, grey
                  1345 - 1361.
                                 Sandy, grey lime
                  1361 - 1365
1365 - 1367
                                 Soft lime, white
                                 Hard sand
                  1367 - 1375
                                 Dark limey sand
                                 Dark grey limey sand
                  1375 - 1389
                  1389 - 1425
                                 Hard sandy lime, greyish
                  1425 - 1453
                                 Hard sandy lime, greyish
                  Pinkish hard quartzite commences
                  1456 - 1570
                                 Quartzite
                                 Quartzite, softer
                  1570 - 1610
                  161.0 - 1620
                                 Quartzite, hard
                  1620 - 1630
                                 Quartzite, softer
                                 Quartzite, hard
                  1630 - 1638
                   1638 - 1642
                                 Quartzite, softer and sandy; some lime
                  1642 - 1653
                                 Quartzite, hard
                  1653 - 1657
                                 Quartzite, softer, little lime showing up
```

```
1657 - 1698
              Quartzite, hard and sandy
1.698 - 1.743
              Quartzite, softer lime shows up
              considerable
1743 - 1749
              Quartzite, softer
1749 - 1761
              Quartzite, hard, sandy
1761. -- 1768
              Quartzite, softer, very limey,
              gas-petroleum smell
1768 - 1776
              Quartzite, fine, sandy, hard
1776 - 1796
              Quartzite, more lime, softer bailing
              water, whitish light color
1.796 - 1802
              Quartzite, hard
1802 - 1820
              Quartzite, softer, limey, little sand
              bailing water whitish, light color
1820 1855
              Quartzite, hard
1855 - 1867
              Little softer quartzite
1867 1874
              Softer quartzite
1874 1879
              Hard lime, quartzite
1879 - 1913
              Hard quartzite
1.913 -- 1.928
              Little softer, more reddish
1.928 - 1.946
              Hard quartzite, red
1.946 - 1.953
              Hard quartzite
1953 1956
              Hard lime, quartzite
1956 - 1958
              Nearly all lime
1.958 - 1.960
              Hard lime, quartzite
              All lime, little softer
1960 - 1970
1.970 - 1.979
              Darker red lime
1.979 - 1.983
              Lime reddish
1.983 1988
              Lime reddish (bailings seem muddier)
1988 - 1998
              All lime
1998 - 2049
              All lime. From 2003 to 2049', lighter
              in color, some quartzite falls in
2049 - 2057
              More red, not so hard
2057 - 2063
              Hard
2063 2080
              Softer
              Softer lime
2080 - 2085
2085 - 2137
              Lime, hard
2137 - 2157
              All lime
              Lime. Oil showings, wet gas stink
2157 - 2181
              Lime and quartzite, very hard
21.81 - 21.86
              Hard quartzite streak in the lime
21.86 21.96
              More lime, little sand, red quartzite
2196 - 2210
221.0 - 221.3
              Harder quartzite
              Harder, limey sand showing up more
2213 2215
2215 - 2220
              Harder, stink and oil showings
              Little softer
2220 - 2223
              Hard limey sand, more sand
2223 - 2225
              Softer, more sandy, wet gas and oil
2225 -- 2228
              showings
              Wet gas and oil showings
2228 - 2232
2232 - 2240
              Hard lime, shell, white or light grey
```

2240 -- 2244 Fine, light grey sandy lime gas-oil 2244 - 2250 Little coarser, not so white 2250 - 2254 Hard fine shell, limey, grey 2254 2260 Sandy lime, coarser, darker grey 2260 - 2264 Coarser, darker grey 2264 2268 Sandy lime, grey 2268 - 2272 Sandy lime 2272 - 2275 All lime hard, light color 2275 - 2278 Light color. All lime, little stink Light color, more stink; oil 2278 - 2281 showings 2281 - 2284 Light color 2284 - 2287 Light color, more wet gas stink 2287 2290 Little brownish sand showing up Lime, trifle sand, bailings light grey 2290 - 2293 2293 - 2301 All lime. Strong stink All lime, small amt. sand. Good stink 2301 - 2304 All lime. Bailings little reddish, hard 2304 - 2307 2307 2311 Chocolate red bailings All lime. Oil showing, rotten petroleum 2311 All lime. stink. Bailings red, medium hard, little grit, running to sand, drab color bailings Lime showing up sandy conditions 231.1 - 2330

REMARKS: This driller s log is the only record available on this well. The presence of pink quartzite was verified and its depth is accurate. The presence of lime beneath the quartzite was not verified by the survey. Some of the gas shows proved to be acetylene upon analysis, evidently generated from the carbon in the bits. Oil shows were not verified by the survey.

# Yankton Agency

LOCATION: T. 94 N., R. 64 W., Charles Mix County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

and U.S. Geol. Survey 18th Ann. Rept.

0 - 1 1 - 25 25 44 44 75 75 91 91 114 114 117 117 123	Yellow sandy clay Gray shale
123 144	Gray limestone and pyrites
144 178	Sandy shale and sand. Much water which rises to 65
178 199	Blue shale
199 275	Black shale, with pyrites and shells
275 <b>- 3</b> 80	Blue shale, tough
<b>3</b> 80 <b>4</b> 20	Black shale, with pyrites and shells
420 - 421	Sand with flow of 10 gal. per hour
	Temperature 56°
421 - <b>44</b> 8	Brown shale, with streaks of sand
	and lime rock
448 - 497	,
400 500	flow 7 gal. per min. at 482-485
497 500	Gray shale
<b>5</b> 00 - 53°.	Black shale with pyrite streaks
<b>531 552</b>	Gray shale
552 556	Sandstone; third flow, 15 gal. per min.
<b>556</b> - <b>5</b> 77	e contract of the contract of
577 - 579	Sandstone: fourth flow, soft water,
579 - 641	30 gal. rem min. Gray shale full of lime and pyrite streaks, 2 to 12" thick
641 651.	Sandstone. very soft, hard water, temperature 70°

# CLARK COUNTY

# Bohri Bros. Well

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 22, T 117 N., R. 59 E., Clark County

OWNER: Bohri Bros.

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1892 CURB ELEVATION: 1490

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S.Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

### Feet

37 - 66 66 - 80 80 - 100 100 - 126 126 - 184 184 - 194 194 - 199 199 - 279 279 - 344	Sand, clay and gravel Sand, clay and gravel Hardpan Gray shale Blue shale Slate Blue shale Gray shale
344 - 434	Dark brown shale
··· -	Blue shale with thin layer of sand
324 -1003	rock and shale
1005 -1025	Sand rock with flow
1025 -1053	
	Shale /containing small flow
1143 -1198	Green shale (rock layers)
1198 -1200	Hard rock. Total depth, but casing
	extended only to 1075

REMARKS: Pressure 80 lbs. per sq. inch

### CLAY COUNTY

# University of South Dakota Well

LOCATION: Sec. 13, T. 92 N., R. 52 W., Clay County OWNER: University of South Dakota

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Sometime between 1909 and 1912

CURB ELEVATION: 1225 plus SOURCE OF INFORMATION: State Geological Survey log

0 5	Black soil
5 - 20	
20 - 50	Yellow drift
50 – 75	Calcareous drift, blue
75 - 100	Gray drift
100 - 110	No sample
110 - 175	Sand, buff colored, medium sizing.
	Quartz grains clear, angular
175 - 210	Greenhorn-unsorted, much chalk,
	several large pieces of limestone
210 - 300	Graneros shale, with streak of
	fine grained buff sand at 250
d 300 - 420	Dakota-Lakota group
300	Sand, fine, pink, with round
	frosted grains
350	Sand, coarse, buff; ocean sand
<b>350 - 360</b>	Sand, gray, typical Lakota
400	Sand, coarse, buff
420 - 444	Fine grey sand
	Or o' Marra

### CUSTER COUNTY

Two logs from wells drilled in Custer county are presented below. One is from a well drilled at Buffalo Gap for a city water supply. The other is from an oil test drilled on the Barker structure in the southwestern part of the county.

### Adams No. 1 Oil Test

LOCATION: NE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 34, T. 6 S., R. 2 E., Custer County

OWNER:

DRILLER: Barker Structure Drilling Company DATE OF DRILLING: 1932, March to the fall

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Furnished by the company

		. I	Feet	
Sundance	0		40	Gray sand
	40	_	110	
Spearfish	110	-	222	Red shale
•	222	_	235	Sandy shale and water. Water
				struck at 225'
	23 <b>5</b>	_	<b>3</b> 75	
			405	
			420	
			440	
				Red shale
\$ 100			<b>5</b> 00	
	500	-	575	, , ,
				shells)
			600	
SULTS ANTHE MAIN SHAPE SHAPE SHAPE SULTS			650	
Minnekahta			675	
Opeche			700	
المنسو المنت المنت المنتورة مدارا والوارا والوارا			725	
Minnelusa			765	
			835	
			845	
			908	Quicksand
			1265	
			1275	
			1290	
				Solid lime. Sulphur gas at 1390
			1595	
				White lime
14-7	T605	- :	1616	Lime and water

REMARKS: This is the third well drilled on the Barker Structure by this company.

# Buffalo Gap Well

LOCATION: SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 29, T. 6 S., R. 7 E., Custer County

OWNER:

DRILLER: Norbeck Company DATE OF DRILLING: Completed August, 1935

CURB ELEVATION: 3277.4

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Harold Norbeck

0 - 7	Blue shale
7 – 20	
20 - 30	
	shells
<b>3</b> 0 - 75 75 - 90	Blue shale
75 – 90	Gray shale with some limestone shells;
90 - 180	Black shale /some water
180 - 200	
200 - 230	Gray shale
230 - 250	Black shale
250 - 270	
270 - 340	
340 - 390	
390 - 400	
400 - 420	
420 - 490	
490 - 510	
51.0 - 61.0	Dark gray shale, slightly sandy
610 - 780	Sandy dark gray shale
780 - 870	Gray shale
870 - 980	Dark gray shale
980 - 1070	Dark gray shale and black shale
1070 - 1090	Dark gray shale
1090 - 1100	Black shale
1.1.00 - 1.1.1.0	Dark gray shale
1.1.1.0 - 1.1.20	Red brown shale, no sample could
	be obtained
1120 - 1130	
1.1.30 - 1.1.50	
1150 - 1160	Sand with shale and iron
1160 - 1180	Dark gray shale with sand and coal
1180 - 1190	Sandy shale, coal, lime and iron
1190 - 1212	Light gray shale
1212 - 1220	Buff sand, medium fine
1220 - 1260	Dark shale with lime
1260 - 1275	Gray shale
1275 - 1280	Gray sand, medium fine
1280 - 1285	Sandy shale

1285	_	1300	Light gray shale with lime
1300		1400	Gray shale with lime
1400	<b>-</b> ·	1436	Sandy dark gray shale with lime
1436		1440	Sandy buff shale
1440		1500	Light gray shale, much lime
1500		1515	Dark gray shale
1515	_	1538	Dark gray shale with lime; no
			samples

### DAVISON COUNT

# Mitchell City Water Works Well

LOCATION: Sec. 22, T. 103 N., R. 60 W., Davison county OWNER: City of Mitchell

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

0 30	Yellow clay
30 70	Blue clay
70 - 135	Chalk rock
135 - 153	Water bearing sandstone
153 - 290	Soft gray shale
290 - 300	Hard dry sandstone
300 - 507	Blue shale
507 - 530	Water bearing sandstone containing
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ vein of coal
530 - 538	Hard dry sandstone

## DAY COUNTY

# Andover Well

LOCATION: Sec. 35, T. 123 N., R. 59 W., Day County OWNER: City of Andover

DRILLER: Swan Bros., Andover

DATE OF DRILLING: 1882 CURB ELEVATION: 1505

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept.,

Part II, Fig. 52, p. 620; Water Supply

Paper 227

#### Feet

Soil, sand and clay 0 -50 50 -75 Blue clay 75 -575 Blue shale 575 - 590 Limestone Shale with streaks of limestone 590 - 1070 1 + 435 d 1070 - 1075 Sandstone (flow)

Production, 300 gal. per minute; pressure, 90 lbs. REMARKS: per sq. inch

### DEWEY COUNTY

Although two wells were drilled for water at the Cheyenne Indian Agency in Dewey county, only the log of the old well is available. At White Horse the U.S. Indian Service drilled a well for water, a log of which was furnished by the drillers, the Norbeck Company.

### Cheyenne Indian Agency Well

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 2, T. 12 N., R. 31 E., Dewey County

OWNER: U.S. Indian Service

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909

CURB ELEVATION: 1537

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper

227, p. 85. Log furnished by A.E. Swan.

# Feet

				·
	0		21.	Yellowish gravelly clay
	21.		26	Sandstone boulders and shale
				fragments
	26	-	40	Hard shale
•	40	-	280	Firm blue shale
				Blue shale, soft
	390	_	485	Black shale
	485	_	500	Sandy shale
	500		515	Gray shale
	51 <b>5</b>		<b>575</b>	Hard shale
	575	_	700	Dark gray shale; gas at 650
	700	_	1050	Black shale with occasional beds
				of hard sandstone
	1050		1200	Blue shale
	1200	_	1311	Dark gray shale; gas
	1311		1317	Yellow lime rock, a ft
D. 1 1 = -220el	1317	_	1323	White sandstone flow
901 01	1323		1337	Brownish shale

REMARKS: Temperature, 79° or 80°

# Well at White Horse

LOCATION: SE. 1/4, Sec. 12, T. 15 N., R. 26 E., Dewey County OWNER: U.S. Indian Service

DRILLER: Norbeck Company

DATE OF DRILLING: December, 1934

CURB ELEVATION: 1720'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Harold Norbeck

	÷	
	0 - 21	Clay
	21 - 26	Gravel
	26 - 1472	Shale
	1472 - 1539	Lime rock with streaks of shale
	1539 - 1817	Shale
	1817 - 1857	Sandy shale
	1857 - 1859	Shale
	1859 - 1980	Shale with streaks of sand
Dakota = -260'	1980 - 2001	Sand with streaks of shale
2011C-1-20	2001 - 2008	Sand
	2008 - 2021	Sand

### DOUGLAS COUNTY

### Armour Town Well

LOCATION: Sec. 12, T. 98 N., R. 64 W., Douglas County

OWNER: City of Armour

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1896

CURB ELEVATION: /550 (Rept., SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept.,

Part II, Pl. XC

### Feet

	Soil and yellow clay, sandy Blue clay, greasy Blue shale Black shale Chalk rock
	Blue lime rock Yellow sand rock with gray sand
866 630	at base
390 - 440	Blue shale
	"Soapstone"
465 - 606	Gray and blue shale
606 - 631	Lime rock
631 - 691	Blue shale
691 ~ 701	Sand and shale
7, sate 1= +849 el 701 757	Sand rock

REMARKS: Production 1590 gal. per minute; pressure 55 lbs. were sq. inch a

### FALL RIVER COUNTY

Several wells have been drilled for water in Fall River county, most of them by municipalities. Seven or eight oil tests have been made by various companies. Only a few of these have given permission to publish the logs of their wells. The Red Canyon well gave a showing of oil.

### Ardmore Well

LOCATION: Sec. 9, T. 12 S., R. 4 E., Ardmore, Fall River County OWNER: City of Ardmore

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING:

CURB ELEVATION: 3557

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: From G.C. Caylor, Ardmore

	0	35	Clay
Niobrara	35 -	50	Blue putty-like clay
and	50 -	53	Gravel, sand and clay
Carlile	53 -	80	Black shale
·	80 -	505	Grayish black shale
Greenhorn	50 <b>5</b> -	560	Limestone
Graneros	560 -	1390	Shale
Dakota	1390 -	1530	Sandstone = + 2/11/11
Fuson	1530 -	1730	
Lakota	1730 -	1735	Sandstone

# Dillon Oil Test

LOCATION: NW. \(\frac{1}{4}\), Sec. 24, T. 10 S., R. 1 E., Fall River County OWNER: Dillon Oil Company DRILLER: Dillon Oil Company DATE OF DRILLING: July, 1929 to May, 1930

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: W.L. Dillon

0 - 1202	Shale .
1202 - 1226	
1226 - 1236	
1236 - 1255	Dark gray chalk
1250 - 1275 $1255 - 1275$	
1275 - 1280	
	White sand. Water at 1280
1295 - 1305	
1305 - 1320	
1320 - 1355	
1355 - 1360	Blue shale
	White shale "Fuson-Morrison"
1365 - <b>1385</b>	
1385 - 1390	Light sandy shale
1390 - 1395	Red shale
1395 - 1400	
1400 - 1425	Light sand, "Lakota-Sundance"
1425 - 1480	
1480 - 1 <b>5</b> 06	
1506 - 1510	Gray sandy shale
1510 - 1515	
1515 - 1525	
1525 - 1535	
1535 - 154]	
1541 - 1548	
1548 - 1558	
	Sand
7000	,

### Edgemont Well No. 2

LOCATION: Sec. 1, T. 9 S., R. 2 E., Fall River County

OWNER:

DRILLER: Norbeck and Nicholson

DATE OF DRILLING: 1910 CURB ELEVATION: 3451' SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

```
20
                         Gumbo
                   50
                         Sand and gravel; 4 bailers of water
                       per hour, 60°
                         Dark shale, sandy shales, muddy
            50 -
                  115
                         streaks, gray shale to 300
                         Dark shale
           115 -
                  330
Da Kota = + 3/21
           330 -
                  337
                         Water sand, water within 20
                         of top of hole
           337 -
                   370
                         "Fuson"
           370 -
                  379
                         Gray and red shale
                         Hard red shale
           379 -
                  382
           382 -
                  395
                         Sticky gray shale
           395 -
                  405
                         Shale
                        Pyrites of iron
           405 -
                  41.0
                  415
           410 -
                        White shale and sandy shells
           415 -
                  423
                         Sandy shale
           423 -
                  429 6 Sand
                  436
                        Blue shale
           429 -
           436 -
                  438 Sand
                        White sandy shale
           438 -
                  446
                  455 © Sand
           446 --
           455 -
                  460
                        Shale
                        Hard, sharp sand
           460 -
                  475
                        Gray shale
                  500
           475 -
                         Sandy shale
           500 -
                  518
                  521 White shale
           518 -
                        White muddy shale
           521 -
                  ·526
                  528  Hard sand
           526 -
                         Gray shale
           528 -
                  530
                         Sharp lime
           530 -
                  540
                  550
                         Hard lime
           540 -
           550 -
                  573
                         Light, sharp, sandy shale
                  590 White sand
           573 -
           590 -
                  615
                         Brown shale
                         White shale
           615 -
                  620
                         Brown shale
           620 -
                  642
           642 -
                  676
                         Hard lime
           676 -
                  678 Sand
                         Hard black shale
           678 -
                   684
```

```
770
684
              Soft muddy shale
        71.5
710 --
              Hard, sandy shale
              White, shale
715 \cdots
        720
        733
              Soft, white shale
720 -
              Soft, white shale
733
        755
        757
755 --
              Lime
        765
              Mixed lime and white shale
757 -
765 --
        773
              Red rock
773 -
        797
              White sand
797 -
        800
              Hard shale
        820
              Sandy shale
800 --
              Hard sandy shale
820 --
        855
855 -
        958
              Blue shale
958 ---
        967
              Hard lime and sandy shells
967 -
        970
              White shale
 970 --
        988
              Pink shale
              Red rock
 988
        994
              Hard shale
 994 - 1000
1.000 -- 1014
              Hard white shale
              Shale and shells
1014 - 1025
1025 1040
              Hard red rock and shelly
              Hard red rock
1040 - 1042
1042 - 1060
              White muddy shale
1060 - 1068
              Hard shale
1068 - 1074
              Blue shale
1074 - 1075
              Hard blue shale
              Blue shale
1075 - 1096
              Water sand
1096 1100
              Hard blue shale
1100 -- 1128
11.28 - 1.1.64
              Gray shale
              Dark or blue shale
1164 - 1178
1178 - 1189
               Soft, white sand
1189 1219
               Hard, white sand
               5 gal. flow of water
1219 - 1232
1232 1245
               Water sand
1.245 - 1.254
               Hard and shelly shale
1254 - 1266
               Red rock
1266 - 1290
               Red rock; 12 in. pipe at 1275
               Soft red rock
1290 - 1410
1410 - 1626
               Hard red rock
               Hard light sand
1.626 - 1.654
1654 - 1670
               Hard white lime
1670 - 1690
               Red rock
1690 - 1700
               Red mud, cavey
1700 - 1750
               Red rock, hard and broken or
               crevices, with mud seam at 1720
1750 - 1758
               Hard and close red sand
               Soft red sand with flow of water
1758 - 1845
               at 1845
               Red rock with red sandstone at 1855
1845 - 1855
               White sandstone
1855 - 1900
```

```
<u> 1</u>900 - 1930
                          Red sandstone
           1930 - 1970
                          White lime
           1970 - 1973
                          Hard pink lime
           1973 - 1978
                          Hard gray lime
           1978 - 2082
                          Hard white lime
           2082 - 2144
                          Red, gray and white lime mixed,
                          very sandy
           2144 - 2225
                          Cavey red rock
                          Sandy red rock
           2225 - 2255
           2255 - 2276
                          Gray sand
           2276 - 2285
                          Blue shale
           2285 - 2288
                          Lime
           2288 - 2300
                          Lime, set 8" pipe at 2289
           2300 - 2325
                          Red rock
           2325 - 2349
                          Gray sand, oil sand
Minnelosa
           2349 - 2380
                          Soft gray sand
                          Soft, white sand
           2380 - 2410
           2410 - 2450
                          Hard, dark lime
           2450 - 2490
                          Hard, black lime
           2490 - 2525
                          Hard, dark lime
                          Sandý lime
           2525 - 2535
                          Mixed sandy shells and blue shale
           2535 - 2560
           2560 - 2600
                          Blue shale
           2600 - 2615
                          Sticky blue shale
           2615 - 2635
                          Sticky red rock
                          Hard sandy formation
           2635 - 2645
           2645 - 2660
                          Sand
           2660 - 2685
                          Red cave
           2685 - 2697
                          Hard sand
           2697 - 2725
                          Red rock
                          Hard, white limestone shells
           2725 - 2800
                          with streaks of red rock
           2800 - 2825
                          Shelly red rock
           2825 - 2829
                          Sand
                          Red rock; set 6" pipe at 2911
           2829 - 2920
                          Dark limestone; flow 42 gal.;
           2920 - 2936
Pahasapa
                          temperature 100°
           2936 - 2950
                          Dark limestone; flow 60 gal. per
                          minute
           2950 - 2983
                          Big flow; 575 gal. per minute;
                          95 lb. pressure, temperature 126° F.
```

May be some or Bushington Railwap well at Edgewood, E1. 3450' of Similar - See R.I. # 57, p68

# Red Canyon (Cleveland Stone Co.) Oil Test

LOCATION: NE., NE., SW., Sec. 17, T. 8 S., R. 3 E., 4 mi. NE. of Edgemont, Fall River County

OWNER: Cleveland Stone Company

DRILLER: Hollingsworth Oil Company
DATE OF DRILLING: August 8, 1924, to August 1, 1925
CURB ELEVATION: 3635 plus
SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Driller's log--correlations by W.W. Rubey

Dakota Fuson Lakota	112 - 120 -	72 112 120 162 170 214 222 230 235 265 275 285 305	(Quaternary terrace deposits) clay Sandstone Red shale Gray shale Hard gray shale carrying Fe pyrites "Morrison" sand carrying H20 Hard white lime rock Gray shale White sand Green shale streaked with gray Green shale Gray shale Gray shale Gray shale streaked with sand and white talc Gray and white shale White shale Gray shale Cap rock
Morrison	309 - 373 - 402 - 414 - 476 - 488 - 505 -	373 402 414 476 488 505	Hard gray shale Brown shale Black and brown shale Black shale Gray and black shale Gray shale Black gray shale
Sundance	548 - 569 - 600 - 621 - 631 - 657 - 669 - 676 - 680 - 683 - 694 -	569 600 621 631 657 669 676 683 694 716 738	Light gray shale streaked with lime Gray shale, very sticky Gray shale streaked with lime Gray shale Hard gray lime Gray shale and lime Gray shale and hard gray lime Hard gray lime Gray lime Hard gray lime Soft gray lime Red shale

```
767 -
                       812
                              Red shale and gray lime
                812 ---
                       862
                              Gray shale
                862 ---
                       903
                              Sticky light blue shale
                903 -
                       91.2
                              Gray shale
                912 -
                       920
                              Gray lime and shale
                920 -
                       972
                              Sand, carrying water
                972 -
                       977
                              Gray shale
                977 - 1155
Spearfish-
                              Red sandy shale
               1155 - 1190
                             Red sticky shale
Opeche
               1190 - 1625
                              Red beds
               1.625 - 1720
                              Gray lime (cuttings)
Minnelusa
                              Light gray lime
               1720 - 1730
               1730 - 1741
                              Hard white lime
               1741 - 1790
                              Gray lime
               1790 - 1810
                              Pink and red lime
               1810 - 1840
                              Gray hard lime.
               1840 - 1855
                              Lime
               1855 - 1890
                              Gray and white lime
               1890 - 1930
                              Red and white streaks of lime
                              (water at 1910)
               1930 - 1940
                              White lime
               1940 - 1951
                              Gray lime
                              Gray hard lime
               1951 - 1970
               1970 - 1983
                              Red and gray lime
               1983 - 2001
                              Black lime, gas and some colors
      18
                              (gas sand at base)
               2001 - 2040
                              Gray lime (set 5 3/16)
          39
               2040 - 2055
                              Brown lime
          15
           5
               2055 - 2060
                              Gray lime
               2060 - 2073
                              Black lime
           2
               2073 - 2075
                              Gray lime
                              Rotten black lime
               2075 - 2081
               2081 - 2085
                              Dark gray cap
               2085 - 2089
                              "Amdam", carrying oil (cuttings)
               2089 - 2230
                              Hard gray lime (cuttings) at
Pahasapa
                              2102, 2114 and 2230)
```

REMARKS: 2 mi. gas, 5 bbls. produced; starts in gravel on Dakota near top. Black oil 41° Be (fresh)

#### FAULK COUNTY

### Well Near Orient

LOCATION: Sec. 18, T. 117 N., R. 68 W., Faulk County

OWNER: DRILLER:

+460d

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909 1530 a. T. (1)

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

#### Feet

0		20	Yellow clay
20	~-	47	Blue clay
47	_	394	Shale, black, blue and gray,
			with thin layer of lime rock
•			at base furnishing small flow
394	-	1070	Shales, gray, blue and black
070		1110	Hard sandstone
110		1165	Sand, lime, pyrites and shale
165	-	1215	Sandstone; 950 gal. flow
			Total depth

REMARKS: Pressure--130 lbs. till it was clogged. Water head 1865 above sea level. Flows reported in thin bed of lime rock at 394, 1070 and 1165; production--950 gal. per minute flow; diameter of well--6" and 511

### GRANT COUNTY

# Milbank Milwaukee Railroad Well No. 1

LOCATION: At Milbank, Grant County 6- 120N - 48W

OWNER: Milwaukee Railroad

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1937

CURB ELEVATION: 1140 est

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: From samples furnished by P.S. Privey,

Milwaukee R.R. civil engineer. Correla-

tions by E.P. Rothrock

,		
Glacial drift	8 - 24	Quartz sand and coal identified
,	24 - 41	Like above. Most pebbles fairly
		well rounded quartz grains
Benton series	41 - 85	Blue shale. Pearl from shell
		fragments
	85 - 140	Blue shale. Fine shaley sand
	140 - 142	Fine sandstone made of angular
		pieces clear quartz
	142 - 158	Sandy shale in flakes. This is
	÷	apparently a very shaley phase
		of the overlying sandy layer.
		Grains in flakes appear to be
		very small quartz particles.
	158 - 230	Black shale, more fissile than
		that above. Pyrite; no fossils
	230 - 249	Gray shale
	249 - 256	Fine grained quartz grit. Some
		coal pieces. Considerable gypsum
		and pyrite, quartzite
	256 - 273	Poorly washed sample made of broken
		quartz like above stuck together
		with drilling mud. Gypsum flakes
		conspicuous. Apparently quartzite
	273 - 279	Dark gray shale
	279 - 285	Shale like above. Gypsum flakes
	0.05	very abundant
	285 - 300	Blue shale like above. Apparently
	<b>5</b> 00 500	a gumbo clay; does not show flakes
	300 - 302	Sand of broken quartz grains and
	700 704	much gypsum
	302 - 304	Blue shale. Fossils apparently
	Z01 Z00 ·	plant impressions. Shell fragmen 3
	304 – 308	Gumbo clay like above

Dakota series = +832 d

Quartz sand. Subangular and rounded grains, the latter frosted. Broken quartz fragments with inclusions of ferromagnesium minerals. Plagioclase. Pyrite crystals cementing rounded quartz grains.

312 - 315

Rounded quartz like above. Also broken quartz. One piece laminated quartz with much pyrite. Looks like quartz schist. Ferromagnesian minerals included in broken quartz veins. Rounded feldspar grains Feldspar. Orthoclase (?) Plagioclase. Some grains well rounded and frosted with inclusions of ferromagnesian mineral. Broken

pieces of mica schist.

315 - 317

Round feldspar grains cleaved. This is apparently a basal sandstone with material having been derived from a granite with inclusions of schist. One piece biotite mica. Unless there has been a great deal of material added from a higher sand this is not a sample from the pre-Cambrian. Abundant small shale flakes either indicate parting of shale in sand or have been introduced from above. Iron in sample indicates drilling rather difficult.

# Milbank Well No. 2

LOCATION: At Milbank

OWNER: Milwaukee Railroad

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1939

CURB ELEVATION: 40 est. &

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: From samples furnished by P.S. Privey,

Milwaukee R.R. civil engineer. Cor-

relations by E.P. Rothrock

0 - 20	Yellow till
20 - 24	Blue till
24 - 40	Blue clay with quartz sand
	grains. Blue till
40 - 45	Sand. Angular grains of quartz
	with some feldspar and black
	minerals. Glacial drift. Bottom
	of glacial drift
45 - 72	Gray fluffy clay on sand grains
±0 /~	of well rounded quartz. Latter
	probably from glacial beds. Very
	calcareous. Much. sand. The
	sample seems to have passed from
700	glacial sand into chalky material
72 - 120	Blue shale. Very plastic. Some
100 154	small pyrite grains
120 - 154	Blue shale like above. Very plastic.
154 - 198	Blue-gray shale, like above. Very
	plastic
198 - 275	Gray clay like above
275 - 278	Abundant foraminifera. Globe-
	shaped and pointed forms abundant.
	Rods of aragonite from shell.
	Sand-like grains of broken lime-
	stone. A few pyrite crystals.
	Greenhorn (?) The abundance of
	aragonite rods indicates an abundance
	of pelecypod shells. Forams,
	pelecypods and calcite crystals sug-
	gest Greenhorn. Blue flakes of
	shale apparent from above
278 - 292	No sample
292 - 315	Shale, plastic. Blue-black clays
-	like those above 275
315 - 334	Shale. Blue gray. Plastic like
	above.

•			
Jaksia =	الع 206 ب	334 - 338	Quartz grains. Medium size. Well- rounded and frosted
		338 - 34?	
		•••	rounded and frosted, some pyrite;
			some clear rock crystals apparently
			broken by drilling from large grains.
			Good water sand
		342 - 346	White sand like above
		346 - 350	White sand like above. About the
			same proportion. 50% broken.
			Other 50% well rounded. Apparently
			sand was partly quartzitic.
		<b>35</b> 0 - <b>354</b>	
			of grains broken
3		354 - 360	
			quartz grains, nearly all of which
			are broken. Apparently white
			quartzite from rounded grains and
	•		portions of rounded grains broken
			in drilling indicate quartzite.
			Scattered pyrite crystals
		360 <u>-</u> 373	>Dakota series. White quartzite. like
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	above. Grains nearly all rock cry-
			stal. One piece of coal
		373 - 377	
		377 - 381	More like above. Slightly more
			scattered pyrite. Very few rounded
			grains apparently well cemented
			quartzite. Few pieces of iron
		701 707	from bit
		381 - 383	Like above but broken to finer
			pieces. No mica or feldspar visible.
			Scattered, rounded grains still present. Small, unbroken fragments
			show very tightly cemented quartzite
		383 - <b>38</b> 5	Just like above, but finer. Average
		909 - 909	grain size of fine sand. Rounded
		,	grains stall in evidence, although
			most of them are badly broken, in-
			dicating a well cemented quartzite.
			A few fragments of coal. Sand arko-
			sic, although feldspars are not
			abundant
		<b>3</b> 85 - <b>3</b> 95	Ten feet much like above. Fragments
		000	indicate hard drilling. A few frag-
		,	ments of gray shale apparently from
			higher up in the well. No feldspar
		•	noted
		395 - 402	Quartzite. Firmly cemented. Enough
		. —	iron in cement to give it a reddish
			tan color. Feldspar piece: scattered
			- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

feldspars but no mica. Rounded grains extremely scarce. Cleaved flakes. More abundant than in overlying samples. Some quartz milky and some brown. This sample is not Milbank granite. The increased percentage of feldspars, however, indicate that granite formations are not far below. The absence of mica flakes, however, and the presence of occasional rounded grains show that this is a sandstone. This is an arkosic sandstone which has been firmly cemented into a light quartzite.

### GREGORY COUNTY

### Well at Fort Randall

LOCATION: T. 95 N., R. 66 W., Gregory County

OWNER: U.S. Government

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept.

Part II, Fig. 58; U.S. Geol. Survey

Water Supply Paper 227

#### Feet

0 - 100 Gumbo and clay 100 - 460 Soft stone 460 - 520 Sandstone; 600 gal. flow 520 - 576 Blue clay 576 - 610 Very hard rock

REMARKS: "This record is probably very inaccurate, but it appears to indicate that the Dakota sandstone was entered at a depth of 460' or very much nearer the surface than would be expected from the experience of wells on the other side of the river. Possibly the flow is from a sandstone in the Benton group, but the large volume of water is difficult to account for on this supposition. It is claimed that the hard rock in the bottom of the well was granite or quartzite, but this is also very uncertain."

Darton, Water Supply Paper 227

# HAAKON COUNTY

## Bierwagen (West Fork or Plum Creek) Oil Test

LOCATION: NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 11, T. 6 N., R. 21 E., Haakon County

OWNER: Dan Bierwagen DRILLER: Haakon County Development Company

DATE OF DRILLING: 1921 CURB ELEVATION: 2079

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Log furnished by E.H. Pohle

		1. e e <b>c</b>	
Pierre?	0 – 3 – 20 – 50 –	3 20 50 78	Soil Yellowish gray shale, calcareous Gray shale, calcareous Dark ferruginous shale, not
	78 -	100	calcareous Gray shale with numerous
	100 - 118 - 146 -	1.46	Inoceramus shells Gray shale, calcareous Light gray shale Hard gray shale with numerous concretions
	200 -	200 215 225 290	Dark shale, not calcareous Hard gray shale, not calcareous Light gray shale, not calcareous Hard gray shale, not calcareous
	364 -	359 364 373 378	Hard gray shale, not calcareous Sandstone, calcareous Shale and hard slabs Sandstone, calcareous
	378 - 425 -	425 490	Gray shale Gray shale with hard streaks and small concretions
	490 -	500	Light gray shale, very calcareous thin slabs of limestone
	500 -	510	Gray shale buff limestone 1" thick, Inoceramus impressions in shale
	510	515	Sandy clay, hard compact dark shale with more Inoceramus impressions
Niobrara Carlile	515 - 1111 <del>2</del> -	$1111\frac{1}{2}$ $1112\frac{1}{4}$	Record missing Sand, contains some gas
Greenhorn? 1	.397 3/4 1418½-	1.420늴	Sand
	1.440 -	1445	Sand

Graneros?	1517 - 1521	Sandy shale
	1599 - 1603	Sand
	1615 - 1617	Sand
	1644 - 1646	Sand
	1830 - 1831	Sand
	1859 - 1860	Sand
Dakota	1894 - 1913	Sand streaks
- <del>-</del> 	<b>1956</b> - 1976	Sand streaks; could not bail
		below 1400,9
	2000 - 2009	Sand, flowed 8 gal. per minute
	2009 - 2070	Sand streaks
	2070 - 2080	Sand, flowed 20 gal. per minute
	- ·	with 30 lb. pressure and gas
÷ .		with water

# Midland Well

LOCATION: T. 1 N., R. 25 E., at Midland, Haakon County OWNER: Stroppel Hotel DRILLER: Norbeck Company DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

Pierre	0 - 35	Quartz sand, well rounded, frosted to clear
	<b>35 - 5</b> 0	
		small amount tourmaline, feldspar
		and iron concretions
	50 - 5 <b>5</b>	Black shale, non-calcareous white,
		quartz sand and iron concretions
•	55 <b>-</b> 1.0 <b>5</b>	Dark gray shale; few quartz
		grains, pyrite
	105 - 230	Dark gray shale, pyrite in places
	230 - 250	Dark gray shale, few quartz grains
	250 - 331	Dark gray shale, slightly calcareous
	331 - 353	_ , _ ,
	353 - 374	Dark gray shale, few calcareous
	000 011	grains, some quartz grains and
		spindles of gypsum
•	374 - 535	
	535 - 555	Dark gray shale, spindles of
		gypsum
	<b>555</b> - 617	Dark gray shale, non-calcareous,
		soft light gray to white shale,
		calcareous
		<del> </del>

<b>∄</b>		
	617 - 645	Dark gra; shale
•	645 - 735	Gray shale, non-calcareous, few
		clear quartz grains, pyrite in
		places
	735 - 760	Shale, dark gray, non-calcareous,
	100 100	very few quartz grains and pyrite
	760 - 780	Dark gray shale
	780 - 955	Shale, dark gray and light gray
	955 - 960	Shale, dark gray, few quartz
	900 - 900	grains and pyrite
	960 - 995	Missing samples
Michaelana	995 - 1005	Dark gray shale, few pieces white
Niobrara	990 - 1000	speckled and very calcareous, top
		of Niobrara
	1005 1015	
	1005 - 1015	Dark gray shale, speckled shale,
		calcareous and few white calcareous
	7.47 77.45	grains
•	1015 - 1145	Black shale, speckled and cal-
	•	careous shale, numerous white
•	77.00	calcareous grains
	1145 - 1160	Dark gray shale, fewer speckled
		pieces
	1160 - 1190	Dark gray shale more calcareous
		material than above
	1190 - 1205	Shale, dark gray and non-calcareous,
		few speckled grains
	1205 - 1240	Dark gray shale with more cal-
		careous, white speckled grains
Carlile	1240 - 1280	Shale, thin, fissile, dark gray,
		slightly calcareous, top of Carlile
		shale
	1280 - 1430	Black shale, non-calcareous, dark
		gray shale, some slightly calcareous
	1 <b>430 - 144</b> 5	Dark gray shale, quartz sand
	1445 - 1460	Black and dark gray shale, some
		pieces calcareous
	1.460 - 1470	Black shale, non-calcareous, few
		q <b>u</b> artz grains
	1470 - 1485	Shale, black and dark gray
	1485 - 1530	Black shale, clear quartz grains,
		angular to subangular, some
		opaque, round grains
	1510 - 1550	Shale, black and non-calcareous,
		dark shale, some calcareous
	1 <b>55</b> 0 - 1555	Black and dark gray shale, quartz
		sand, coarse and well rounded
	1555 - 1570	Fine quartz sand, angular to rounded
		black shale, pyrite
	1570 - 1575	Black and dark gray shale, pyrite
	1575 - 1590	Black shale, fine quartz sand.
		frosted and rounded

1590 - 1600Black and dark gray shale 1600 - 1615Black shale, quartz sand, quartz pebbles 1615 - 1665 Black shale, quartz sand, very abundant pyrite, iron oxide 1665 - 1720Black shale, not so much pyrite and sand Shale, dark gray to black, quartz 1720 - 1735grains, fine, well rounded, pyrite Very fine white quartz sand, grains 1735 - 1775well rounded, frosted, gray shale, small amount of pyrite, shale increases down 1775 - 1780Black shale, very small amount of sand and pyrite 1780 - 1785

# Railroad Well at Nowlin

LOCATION: SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 10, T. 1 N., R. 23 E., Haakon County

OWNER: Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company

DRILLER: Norbeck and Nicholson

DATE OF DRILLING:

CURB ELEVATION: Approximately 1965

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company

#### Feet

REMARKS: Flow of 125 gal. per minute. Pressure about 72 lbs. per sq. inch. Temperature 121°

## Philip Municipal Well

LOCATION: SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 13, T. 1 N., R. 20 E., Haakon County OWNER: City of Philip

OWNER: City of Philip DRILLER: Norbeck Company DATE OF DRILLING: 1930's CURB ELEVATION: 2158'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Don Junkman, man in charge of well

### Feet

Unrecorded

First flow at 1980', 1 gal.

per minute. Second flow at 2080',
4 to 5 gal. per minute

2080 - 2292
Unrecorded

2180?- 2292
Third flow, bottom of well, 14 gal.

per minute. Hard rock at bottom

of well. Drill made 3" in 4 to

5 days. Temperature second flow 117°

# HAND COUNTY

# Miller City Well

LOCATION: Sec. 10, T. 112 N., R. 68 W., Hand County OWNER: City of Miller

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1941 CURB ELEVATION: Approximately 1565 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

	· ·
0 - 500	Unrecorded
500 - 510	Chalk, shale, quartz grains:
200 - 210	
	60% shale; 30% chalk; 10% quartz
	grains. Scattered pyrite. This
	is apparently chalk.
510 - 520	Probably Niobrara. Look like first
	samples
520 <b>- 53</b> 0	Speckled shale, typical of Niobrara,
0~0 000	80%. Scattered black shale and
	Tons for such and a
FEO FAO	very few quartz grains
<b>5</b> 30 - <b>54</b> 0	Speckled shale like above
540 - <b>55</b> 0	Black shale. Speckled shale, 60%,
	Niobrara (?)
550 - 560	Speckled shale. Gray shale frag-
	ments, still Niobrara
560 - 570	Speckled shale. 70% gray shale.
	Much like above
570 - 580	Speckled shale. Chalk pieces,
010 000	Niobrara (?)
E00 E00	
580 - 590	Chalk, Niobrara
<b>5</b> 90 - 600	Gray shale. Chalk, pyrite, quartz
	grains. Looks very much like pre-
	ceding. Larger percentage of shale,
	however
600 - 610	Abundant sand grains. Clear and
i	rusty quartz; subangular
610 - 620	Shale; considerable sand, but not
00	so abundant as above. Large chunks
	of lime, probably concretions
620 - 630	
020 - 000	Shale; concretionary limestone fairly
	abundant. Bits of shells; sand
	grains in abundance
6 <b>3</b> 0 - 6 <b>4</b> 0	Shale; few chunks of concretionary
	limestone
640 - 650	Shale
650 - 660	Shale, fossils, shell fragments,
	pyrite
	<b>5</b> 0 2 ± 00

```
660 - 670
                     Fairly high percentage of
             Shale.
             sand grains
             Gray shale
670 - 690
             Shale with abundant limestone chips.
690 - 720
             Limestone gray or brown and in
             rounded chunks, 10% limestone
             Very fine, round sand grains, much
720 - 730
             pyrite. Apparently sandy shale
730 - 740
             Shale, like above, but with more
             shale
740 - 750
             Dark, flaky, black shale
             Chalky shale, limestone, Greenhorn (?)
750 - 760
             Much shell aragonite
             Shale with chalky, speckled abundant
760 - 830
             limey pieces and shell aragonite
             like above
830 - 840
             No sample
             Black shale
840 - 850
             Limestone, chalk like above
850 - 860
860 - 870
             Dark shale 80%; speckled shale 5%;
             limestone chalks 10%; shell aragonite
             abundant
870 - 880
             Dark shale
             Shale like above
880 - 890
890 - 910
             Shale
             Shale with minor limestone fragments
910 - 920
             Shale with abundant limestone and
920 - 930
             much pyrite
             Quartz sand; much pyrite; apparently
930 - 940
             thin, sandy limestone like those
             found in Carlile formation
 940 -- 960
             Layer light gray limestone pieces
             much like large concretions in Fall
             River county; black shale with scat-
             tered quartz sand grains
 960 - 970
             Black shale
             Shale with abundant pyrite.
 970 - 980
             tered quartz sand grains
             Shale with abundant gray limestone
980 -1000
1000 -1030
             Dark shale
             Shale with limestone fragments;
1030 -1040
             fossils; much pyrite
1040 -1050
             Black shale
             More shale with fragments of gray
1050 -- 1060
             sugary limestone; probably concre-
             tionary
             Black shale
1060 -1070
             Sugary limestone fragments in shale.
1070 -1080
             Less than 10% limestone
1080 -- 1090
             Shale
             Shale; considerable fine gypsum cry-
1090 -1100
             stals
```

ll00 - ll10 Gray shale

ll10 - ll20 Shale

Shale

Sand; quartz, fine angular pieces, clear; top Dakota formation

### HANSON COUNTY

### W. Ozanne Well

LOCATION: Sec. 8, T. 104 N., R. 57 W., Hanson County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept.

Part II, Pl. LXXXIV

#### Feet

0 - 22 Red clay 22 - 142 Blue clay Sand and gravel 142 - 242 242 - 282Shale 282 **- 3**02 302 **- 3**47 Sand and gravel Hard shale 347 - 440Soft shale Pyrites, 4" thick, followed by soft 440 - 547 shale Red sandstone 547 - 567567 **- 5**89 No record; total depth

REMARKS: Production, 50 gal. flow

# HARDING COUNTY

# Holman No. 1 (Camp Crook) Oil Test

LOCATION: NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 34, T. 20 N., R. 1 E., Harding County

DRILLER: Kennedy-Miller, Northwest Oil Development Company DATE OF DRILLING: September, 1931, to October, 1932

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: M.D. Miller, manager

"Fox Hills" 0 - 15	
15 - 19	
19 - 23	
23 - 5 <b>4</b>	
54 - 139	
139 - 186	
186 - 187	
"Pierre" 187 - 385	
<b>3</b> 85 - <b>4</b> 07	
407 - 408	
<b>4</b> 08 - <b>54</b> 0	
5 <b>4</b> 0 - <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b>	Pyrites, some shells
575 - 59 <b>5</b>	Sandy shale
595 - 7 <b>3</b> 2	Hard shale
732 - 7 <b>3</b> 3	Rock
733 - 768	Shale
768 - 769	Rock
769 - 779	Shale
779 – 780	Rock
780 - 805	Shale
805 - 806	Rock
806 820	Shale
820 - 821	Rock
821 - 946	Sandy shale, very little sand
946 - 987	
"Judith River"987 - 1008	Sandy shale
1008 - 1009	Rock
1009 - 1058	Sandy shale
1058 - 1145	Sandy shale (more sand than shale)
1.000	showed gas
1145 - 1224	
1224 - 1225	_
1225 - 1258	Shale
1258 - 1286 $1258 - 1286$	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1286 - 1365	
1365 - 1378	Dark sandy shale and bentonite

```
1378 - 1572
1572 - 1597
                              Dark sandy shale with shells
                              Sandy shale
              1597 - 1598
                              Rock
              1598 - 1658
                              Sticky gumbo
              1658 - 1659
                              Rock
              1659 - 1723
                              Shells and shale
              1723 - 1726
                              Shale
1726 - 1727
"Eagle" sand 1727 - 1836
                              Rock
                              Black white sand, green streaks
              1836 - 1851
                              Very hard shale
              1851 - 1890
1890 - 1964
                              Sand (shell at bottom)
                              Sandy shale
              1964 - 2002
                              Hard shale (brown concretions)
```

REMARKS: This log is a record of an oil test drilled north of Camp Crook near the extreme northwestern corner of the state.

### HUGHES COUNTY

### Pierre City Well No. 3

LOCATION: T. 110 N., R. 79 W., Hughes County

OWNER: City of Pierre DRILLER: Lewis Greenough DATE OF DRILLING: 1910

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Reported to E.C. Perisho in 1910

	$\mathtt{Feet}$	
0 -	300	Soft material, sand, mud,
		boulder clay, etc.
300 -		Upper shale
350 -	650	"Pierre" shale; rubber-like substance
		which looked like asphaltum, burned
		with black smoke; odor like asphaltum,
		25; water greasy
050	0.00	
650 -	960	"Benton" shale
960 -	1280	"Dakota" sandstone; first flow
1280 -	1300	Soft sandstone, main flow; large volume of water

# Pierre City Well

LOCATION: NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 4, T. 110 N., R. 79 W., Hughes

County

OWNER: City of Pierre DRILLER: Norbeck Company DATE OF DRILLING: 1929

CURB ELEVATION: Approximately 1440

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

120011 428501

Feet	
0 ~ 6 <b>0</b>	Silt or yellow sandy clay
60 - 210	Gray shale
21.0 - 850	Dark shale: at 850 a 2 gal. flow
	and a little gas
850 - 1160	Dark to gray shale with scattered
	streaks of sandstone
1160 - 1165	Sandstone
1165 - 1310	Unrecorded
1310 - 1316	Good sandstone
1316 - 1341	Gray shale and small layers of
	sandstone; perforated from 1159
	to 1341

# Well at Indian School, East Pierre

LOCATION: East Pierre, Hughes County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1896

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept., Part II, Pl. LXXVII

### Feet

0	_	72	Sandy clay and blue clay
72		92	Gray shale
92	-	180	Blue shale, hard streaks
180		250	Black shale
250		320	Blue shale
320		465	Gray shale
465	_	<b>4</b> 68	Blue lime, hard
468	_	600	Dark gray shale
600		710	Blue shale
710		870	Dark gray shale
870		875	Yellow lime
875		1150	Blue shale with streaks of sand
			and rock below
1150	_	1170	Sand rock with flow
1170	_	1192	Light shale

REMARKS: Production 900 gal. flow

### HUTCHINSON COUNTY

# City Well at Menno

LOCATION: Sec. 9, T. 97 N., R. 57 W., Hutchinson County OWNER: City of Menno DRILLER: Norbeck-Nicholson Company

DATE OF DRILLING: 1909
CURB ELEVATION: Approximately 1327
SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

		_	***
0	_	2	Black loam
-2	_	4	Yellow clay
4		8	Yellow sand
8		20	Yellow clay
20	-	30	Blue clay
30	_	33	Blue sand
33		55	Blue clay
55	_	6 <b>5</b>	Gravel and sand
6 <b>5</b>		85	Blue clay
85	<b></b>	1.40	Gray shale
140		1.60	Sand rock
160		200	Gray shale
200		247	Chalk rock
247		349	Gray shale
349	_	34918"	Hard rock
349 ! 8 !!		3581811	Gray shale
3581811		3631811	Quartzite or granite

## HYDE COUNTY

# Highmore City Well

LOCATION: Sec. 11, T. 112 N., R. 72 W., Hyde County

OWNER: City of Highmore

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909

CURB ELEVATION: 1890

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

•	
0 - 240	Soil, clay and gravel
2 <b>4</b> 0 - 7 <b>4</b> 0	Blue shale
740 - 815	Hard gray shale, pyrites
815 - 1086	Blue shale
1086 - 1 <b>31</b> 0	Gray shale mixed with sand
1310 - 1314	Shale and pyrites
1314 - 1 <b>43</b> 0	Blue shale
Datota = +4,00 1430 - 1442	Sandstone; no flow
1442 - 1537	Sandy shale on bed of hard sand
1537 - 1552	Soft sandstone

#### JACKSON COUNTY

The only well record available for Jackson county is that of an oil test made by F.C. Weaver near the White river. A good water supply was secured and the well was taken over by the City of Kadoka.

### Granger No. 1 (Weaver or Kadoka) Oil Test

LOCATION: NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 32, T. 3 S., R. 22 E., Jackson County

OWNER: City of Kadoka DRILLER: F.C. Weaver

DATE OF DRILLING: Commenced 1928; completed 1935

CURB ELEVATION: 2138.7

Dakon = +187001.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: F.C. Weaver

### Feet

Silt 20 0 -Gravel, sand (water) 20 -35 35 - 1800 Shale 1800 - 1818Oil sand (trace of oil) 1818 - 1950 Shale Sand which we called the "Dakota" 1.950 - 2400with streaks of shale here and there. No record kept of the amount or thickness. Shales 2400 - 25002550 - 2610 Cavy shales Sand with streaks of shale, "Lakota" 2610 - 3000 big water Shales and lime shells 3000 - 3300 3300 - 3320 Green shale Sand, water, "Morrison" 3320 - 3340 3340 - 3365 Green shale 3365 **- 339**5 Cavy brown shale 3395 - 3450 Gray clay Sandy shales, shells 3450 - 3500 Sandy cement shales 3500 - 3525 **3525 - 3610** Gray clay, some sand Shells, shale, brown 3610 - 3628 Gray clay with considerable 3628 - 3640red clay in streaks

# JERAULD COUNTY

# S.H. Albert Well

LOCATION: Sec. 5, T. 108 N., R. 65  $\times$ ., Jerauld County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909

	0 -		Drift
	47 4		
			layer carrying many shells at 290
	400 🐬	415	Chalkstone
•	415 - 4	460	Shale (top of Benton)
	460 - 4	490	Sandstone; contains water
	490 - 3	586	Shales with sandstone layers
	586 – '	705	Shale
•	705 -	725	Hard rock
	725 - 8	899	Shale with thin limestone
e e			at 801 and sandstone at 845
	899 - 9	91.4	Sandstone; small flow
•	914 - 10		Compact shale
Dakota = E alex el.	1003 - 10	043	Hard sandstone (top of Dakota)
An 1013. 2 5 182 31.	1043 - 10	057	Sandstone with 200 gal. flow

#### JONES COUNTY

Most of the wells in Jones county have been drilled for water by the railroads and municipalities. As the information on all of them is meager, only two well records are included here.

### Railroad Well at Capa

LOCATION: Sec. 22, T. 2 N., R. 26 E., Jones County OWNER: Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company

DRILLER: Norbeck and Nicholson Company

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: 1774

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

#### Feet

Greenhorn ?	0 ~ 1000	Unrecorded Thin strata of limestone
them them the print the party and the party	1000 - 1500	Unrecorded
Dakota Taringt.	1500 - 1580	Dakota sandstone entered at 1500
		Gas encountered at 1560. Rises in considerable amount. At 1560
		to 1580' water began to flow at
		18 gal. per minute
المستحو المستحوري والمرابع والمدور والمستحور والمستحور والمستحور	1580 1650	Unrecorded
Lakota?	1650 - 1689불	Main flow, 100 gal. per minute

REMARKS: Temperature 118°; production 100 gal. per minute

### Railroad Well at Draper

LOCATION: Sec. 33, T. 1 S., R. 30 E., Jones County OWNER: Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad

DRILLER: Norbeck and Nicholson Company

DATE OF DRILLING: 1907 CURB ELEVATION: 2230.5

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Furnished by the railroad company

Uncorrelated	•	Surface soil Shale, mostly blue
Olicolletated	1557 - 1560 $1560 - 1870$	Hard rock Hard shale with thin, very fre-
	1300 - 1010	quent layers of sand rock (not porous)

		·
Falleto ( = + 361 el.	1870 - 1882 1882 - 1986	Very hard rock Artesian sandstone. This sand-
		stone was very hard, not very porous; in some places had
		layers of sandy shale
Fuson?	1986 – 2005	White shale with a few streaks that were sandy

.

#### KINGSBURY COUNTY

# City Well at De Smet

LOCATION: Sec. 33, T. Ill N., R. 56 W., Ringsbury County

OWNER: City of De Smet

DRILLER.

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909

CURB ELEVATION: 1770

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

Correlation by N.H. Darton

### Feet

0	_	104	Drift		
104	_	1.1.85	Pierre, Niobrara, Benton.	Report f	rom
			another log	_	
763	<b>-</b> .	793	First water-bearing sands		
865	_	895	First water bearing sands a	according	to
			another report		

### Feet

0	_	44	Clay
44		104	Sand
1.04	_	840	Shale
840	_	865	Hard rock
865	_	985	Sandstone; water rising to -40'
985	_	1185	Shale or "soapstone" with fish
			teeth at 1145!
1185		1456	Sandstone; water rising to -40!
<b>145</b> 6	_	1470	Hard rock
1470	_	1610	Sandstone; water rising to -20!

REMARKS: "Boring was sunk with the hope of finding an artesian flow but was unsuccessful owing to the height of the land. It is claimed that a large volume of water was found but it failed to reach the surface by 20 to 40'." N.H. Darton

# LAKE COUNTY

# Madison City Well

LOCATION: Sec. 7, T. 106 N., R. 52 W., Lake County

OWNER: City of Madison DRILLER: J.W. Emberg DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: 1669

Dakota =+1119

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Log furnished by J.W. Emberg for Roy Baker,

consulting engineer, Madison

#### Feet

	0 - 10	Top soil, yellow clay subsoil
	10 - 24	Sand and gravel (water bearing strata 12 to 24')
	e .	strata 12 to 24')
	24 250	
	250 - 255	Fine sand (apparently dry)
	255 550	Black shale
اج (	550 - 570	Fine loose sand (Dakota sandstone, water)
	570 - 590	Black shale
V.	590 - 610	Fine loose sand (water)
		Black shale
	9 <b>3</b> 0 - 950	Fine loose sand (water)
	950 - 1103	Alternating layers shale and fine sand
	٠ -	(water bearing). Water below 950 very
		hard

Well was developed in strata at 930 to 950° with #30 Johnson screen, sand packed. Static water level 143° below surface. Pumped with air lift. When furnishing 165 G.P.M. would draw down to 220°.

REMARKS: Production 165 gal. per minute

### LAWRENCE COUNTY

# Chas. Thompson Oil Test

LOCATION: NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 22, T. 6 N. R. 4 E., Lawrence County OWNER: Durst & Smith, Belle Fourche , DRILLER: Preston Oil Company, Denver, Colorado

DATE OF DRILLING: October, 1924

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Log furnished by Charles C. Haas

#### Feet

0 -	351	Surface in the red beds of the Spearfish formation
351	396	Minnekahta limestone, hard, a little water at base
396 -	531.	Opeche formation, light shales above, red shale to near base, red sandstone and shale at base
531 -	555	Minnelusa sandstone, 25 of calcareous brought first water in quantity of about 2000 bbls. per day; sweet soft water; no oil showing
555 -	560	Second flow nearly doubling the first, broken into when they reached the porous section of the Ten Sleep member
560 -	690	Bottom of the Ten Sleep member; no oil: no more water but apparently a lesser amount, possibly due to leakage above
690 -	<b>93</b> 8	Bottom of the Amsden member. A series of alternating hard and soft sandstone, limes and chert members. Very little
938 – 1	1020	water added but much lost; near bottom Hole was carried down into the Pahasapa limestone to 1020 when drilling was dis- continued

REMARKS: Drilled with star as oil prospect for Preston Oil Company: 3500 acres under lease

# LYMAN COUNTY

# Kennebec Well

LOCATION: T. 105 N., R. 75 W., Lyman County

OWNER: Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific Railroad

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Complete 1907

CURB ELEVATION: 1688

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

	Feet	,	
Da Kota? = + 442	1246	Principal flow; formation	presumably at top of
	1301		gal. flow from Dakota

REMARKS: temperature 96°

# Lower Brule Well No. 1

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 28, T. 106 N., R. 71 W., Lyman County OWNER: U.S. Indian Service

DRILLER: Anton Sather DATE OF DRILLING: 1940

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

Feet	•
1 20	Gray shale, breaks into small chunks, a few crystals and pieces of pearl from shells
20 <b>– 4</b> 0	Gray shale like above
40 60	Light gray shale, considerable shell fragments
60 – 80	Shale, like above; one calcareous pipe- like serpula; few sand grains in the mud may be from surface
80 - 100	Shale like above, aragonite crystals and shell fragments still conspicuous
100 - 120	Like above, gray shale
120 - 140	Gray clay like above
140 - 160	Gray clay, a little pyrite
160 - 180	Shale like above, much shell fragments
180 – 200	and conspicuous pyrite More shale, light gray, chalky appearance, probably top of the Niobrara

<b>200</b> 220		220 2 <b>4</b> 0	Chalky clay like above Like above, one piece of iron car- bonate concretion
240		2 <b>6</b> 0	Flaky chalk, light gray to white
		280	Like above, very chalky, some pieces very fine sand
280	-	<b>3</b> 00	More chalk, flaky chalk like above, no sand visible
300	-	<b>3</b> 20	Flaky chalk, dark gray shale flakes and sand grains
320	_	<b>34</b> 0	Flakes of chalk and gray shale
		<b>3</b> 60	Gray flaky chalk and shale like above
<b>3</b> 60	_	<b>3</b> 80	Flaky chalk like above, some flakes gray and shaly, still Niobrara
380	-	<b>4</b> 00	Flaky chalk and gray flaky shale, probably calcareous; fossil fragments fairly abundant
400	-	<b>4</b> 20	Chalk flakes and gray calcareous shale flakes like above, still Niobrara
420			Like above, one grain very fine sand- stone, like sandstone last noted above
440	_	<b>4</b> 60	Gray mud well sprinkled with chalk flakes and small quartz grains; appears to be shaly chalk with some sand
460	_	480	Chalk shale flakes, grains of gray, very fine sand like above
480			Flaky chalk
520			Chalk flakes abundant, dark gray flaky shale is new, looks like a contact at the base of chalk
540			Like above, gray shale more abundant
560	_	580	Dark gray shale flakes, shell fragments, few aragonite shell crystals, flakes of chalk in the minority
580	_	600	Dark gray shale flakes still abundant, some chalk flakes, probably from above contact
600	_	620	Chalk fragments of gray shale like above
		640	Gray flaky shale like above
		660	Like above, chalk fragments and gray shale, much flaky chalk, few gray shale fragments, apparently a chalk horizon in Benton below Niobrara
660	_	680	Like above, many fossil fragments
		695	Limestone, light gray
		700	Gray shale and chalk
		720	Dark gray shale in flakes, chalk flakes
			conspicuous by their absence
		740	Poorly washed sample, gray flaky shale
740	_	760	Gray flaky shale, grains of fine, well- cemented sandstone, light gray to cream color, apparently from water sand

# Lower Brule Well No. 2

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 12, T. 106 N., R. 72 W., Lyman County OWNER: U.S. Indian Service

DRILLER: Anton Sather DATE OF DRILLING: 1940 CURB ELEVATION: 1472 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

1 - 20	Poorly washed gray shale
20 – 80	Gray shale, non-calcareous
80 - 140	Light gray clay, aragonite crystals
	from shells
140 - 200	More mud, non-calcareous
200 - 220	
200 220	grains in mud, chalky shale
220 - 240	Small shale flakes and few sand grains,
220 - 240	material evidently a gray shale
240 - 260	Gray flaky shale, chalk flakes and
240 - 200	scattered quartz grains
000 700	Gray shale flakes, scattered quartz
260 <b>– 3</b> 00	
<b>500 500</b>	grains
300 - 320	Gray flaky shale, calcareous
320 - 340	
340 - 360	Chalk flakes, gray shale
360 - 380	
<b>3</b> 80 - <b>4</b> 00	
	abundant
400 - 420	Chalk flakes and gray shale
420 - 460	Gray flaky shale, a little pyrite and
	aragonite crystals
<b>4</b> 60 <b>- 480</b>	Gray shale, not much chalk
480 - 520	Shale flakes
520 - 5 <b>4</b> 0	Gray flakes, bits of shell fragments
5 <u>4</u> 0 - 600	Very fine quartz grains, chalky flakes
<del>-</del>	and shale flakes
600 - 620	Shale same as above, few scattered quartz
200	grains, some pyrite, fossil fragments
	G, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# Lower Brule Well No. 3

LOCATION: E.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , Sec. 7, T. 106 N., R. 72 W., Lyman County OWNER: U.S. Indian Service DRILLER: Anton Sather

DATE OF DRILLING: 1940 CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

1000	
0 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 60	Unrecorded Chalky shale, some pyrite Fragments of shells, pyrite nodules, bits of shale and stray pieces of quartz; shale is calcareous; iron carbonate
60 – 80	concretions Abundant limy fragments, apparently limy shale, bits of shell comprise 1/5 of sample, gypsum also present as selenite, some pyrite, apparently a shale from which most of the shale has been washed
80 - 100	in preparing sample Limy gray shale and gypsum, aragonite
100 - <b>120</b> 120 - 140	shell crystals Gray shale flakes with much gypsum, many shell fragments Like above, gray shale and gypsum
140 - 160	Little chalky limestone, mostly shale
160 - 180	and gypsum Drilling mud, some gray shale flakes,
180 - 200	gypsum abundant, pyrite present Fine crystalline lime, looks like sand, well cemented but effervesces briskly in acid; similar lime was noted in Wells l and 2. Most of sample gray shale, much pyrite, bits of iron car- bonate
200 – 260	Gray shale
260 – 280	Gray shale; considerable gray crystal- line calcite and pyrite, aragonite cry- stals common
280 - 300	Gray shale abundant, grains of crystal- line calcite and pyrite, buff sugary lime probably concretionary; apparently a shale formation with abundant fossils
300 - 320	Shale flakes like above, much gray cry- stalline, lime, some sugary buff lime, considerable pyrite

320 - 340	Gray shale like above, some gray granular limestone, fossil impressions, apparently makes the bed from which sample was taken, much pyrite and gray shale in sample, latter probably from above
340 - 360	Gray shale flakes, granular lime present in lesser amount
360 - 380	Like above except larger percentage of granular lime
380 - 400	Same as above, one grain fine sand, bulk of sample gray shale
400 - 420	Well washed sample, leaves residue largely of lime grains, pyrite and fossil fragments
<b>4</b> 20 - <b>4</b> 60	Flaky shale, crystalline limestone, cal careous shale, pyrite, gypsum; nothing new
<b>4</b> 60 - <b>4</b> 80	Shale flakes, pyrite like above
480 - 500	Pyrite and shale
500 - 540	Largely gray crystalline lime, few quartz grains and abundant shale fragments
540 - 560	Poorly washed sample, same as above
560 - 580	Gray flaky shale like above, aragonite crystals, some calcite crystals
580 - 680	Pyrite, sugary lime, probably from concretions, gray shale like above
680 - 700	Largely pyrite, sugary lime and ara- gonite crystals
700 - 740	Same as above, very little shale
740 - 760	Like above, gray shale, sugary and cry-
110 100	stalline lime, considerable gypsum
760 - 780	Flaky shale as above
780 – 800	Flaky shale predominated, as above, pyrite concretions, sugary limestone like above

# Lower Brule Well No. 4

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 28, T. 106 N., R. 72 W., Lyman County OWNER: U.S. Indian Service DRILLER: Anton Sather

DATE OF DRILLING: 1940

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

	1	20	Gypsum and red shale
	20 -	<b>4</b> 0	Drilling mud with much gypsum
	40 -	80	More gypsum and drilling mud, some flakes of shale
	80 -	120	Like above, conspicuous brick-red shale or clay grains, also gray pieces
٦	L20 –	160	Few aragonite crystals from shells present
	L20 -		Most material like above, two grains of
	.00 -	100	fine sandstone enclosing much pyrite;
			one grain gray granular limestone
			such as occurred in other wells
-	L80 -	220	Gray shale in flakes, sugary limestone,
-	LOU -	220	aragonite crystals
,	220 -	ാടറ്	Crystalline limestone, pyrite, much gray
-	220 -	200	flaky shale
,	260	200	Gray flaky shale, non-calcareous
	260 –		
•	- 089	420	Crystalline limestone and gray
	400	4.00	flaky shale
4	420 <i>–</i>	460	Crystalline limestone with lesser amounts
			of pyrite and gray shale, materials like
			above except that limestone predominates
4	460 -	6 <b>4</b> 0	Shale and pyrite and aragonite crystals;
			nothing new
(	640 -	720	Pyrite, calcite crystals, shale
,	720 -	780	Grain of quartz, same as above
,	780 -	800	Gray flakes of shale and pyrite grains
			and gray crystalline limestone and buff
			sugary limestone and aragonite crystals

# Manganese Pilot Plant at Oacoma

LOCATION: Sec. 9, T. 104 N., R. 72 W., Lyman County

OWNER: U.S. Bureau of Mines

DRILLER: A.V. De Pue

DATE OF DRILLING: Spring, 1941

CURB ELEVATION: 1539

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Well log given by United States Bureau of Mines

Correlation by E.P. Rothrock and D.C. Lavier

	Feet	
	0 - 20	Yellow clay; evidently part of the Pierre
<u>Pierre</u>	20 - 270	Blue shale
Niobrara	270 - 330	Soft chalk rock
Carlile	<b>33</b> 0 - <b>4</b> 00	Dark shale; 1' of hard rock 335-336'
	400 - 465	Hard shale; 2'3" of hard rock 368-370
	465 - 495	Shale
	495 - 535	Medium shale
Gree. orn	535 - 57 <b>5</b>	Shelly rock, hard shells being only
		a few feet apart and medium hard
and the second second second second second second		rock from 543-548!
Graneros	575 - 620	Shale with a few hard shell of a
	620 - 678	Shale with a real hard shell of a
	000 000	few inches at 678 Shale formation with a few hard
	678 ~ 720	shells of rock
	MOO ME1	
	720 - 751 751 - 767	
	19T - 101	(probably concretions)
	767 – 780	Real hard rock from 767-768 in dark
	101 - 100	shale formation
Dakota = 1959cl.	780 – 800	Some sand rock from 790-800 and
Dakota - 175 /6/,	100 000	good sandstone from 800
	800 - 860	——————————————————————————————————————
Fuson?	860 - 872	
1 00 011		

REMARKS: Production 391 gal. per minute; shut in pressure 36 lbs. per sq. inch

#### McClure Well

LOCATION: Sec. 31, T. 108 N., R. 78 W., Lyman County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1909

CURB ELEVATION: 1917

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

#### Feet

	20 - 820 820 - 1090 1090 - 1094 1094 - 1294 1294 - 1320	Yellow shale Blue shale Black shale Hard shale Black slate with layers of hard limestone Sandy shale Black shale with sandy streaks Muddy sandstone, black shale and shelly
1	1510 - 1550	limestone Gray shale and fine sandstone mixed
V	1550 - 1552	Very hard rock
Datota = + 362'el	1552 - 1555 1555 - 1585 1585 - 1623	Shale Sandstone Sandy shale

REMARKS: Pressure 20 lbs.;

"There is some uncertainty in this record as to whether the Dakota sandstone was reached at 1470 or 1555 ."

### Railroad Well at Presho

LOCATION: Sec. 10, T. 105 N., R. 77 W., Lyman County OWNER: Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad

DRILLER: Norbeck Company DATE OF DRILLING: 1934 CURB ELEVATION: 1767 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

#### Feet

	0 - 90	Alluvium
	90 - 984	Shale with limestone lenses
	984 - 1022	Shale with soft thin limestone
	1022 - 1347	Shale with hard limestone lenses
	1347 - 1353	Sandy shale
Pakodu = 414'11	1353 - 1414	Water bearing sandstone
7-1	1414 - 1480	Alternate sandstone and shale

REMARKS: Production 180 gal. per minute

### MARSHALL COUNTY

# Britton City Well

apphy 24

LOCATION: T. 127 N., R. 58 W., Marshall County

OWNER: City of Britton

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895

CURB ELEVATION: 1320 ast

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept., Part II,

Fig. 51

### Feet

	0 - 90	Sand
· ·	90 - 115	Blue clay
	115 - 825	Blue shale
Greenhirn?	825 - 880	Limestone (first flow 880!) Green have
	880 - 906	Sand and shale
Granetos	906 - 976	Shale, lime, coal and pyrites (main flow at 976)
Pakota + 344'1	976 - 1004	Sandstone (flow)
Pref = + 316	1004	Slate

REMARKS: Production 600 gal. per minute; temperature 64°; pressure 115 lbs. per sq. inch

# McCOOK COUNTY

# Salem City Well

LOCATION: T. 103 N., R. 55 W., McCook County

OWNER: City of Salem

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895
CURB ELEVATION: 15720057

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey 17th Ann. Rept., Part II, Pl. LXXXIII

	37 - 69 69 - 80	Yellow clay Blue clay Quicksand Blue clay Soapstone, loose sand Blue shale, water rose to within 75 of surface
Pre-€ = 41300 0	220 - 247	Sioux quartzite

### MEADE COUNTY

# Milin No. 1 (Bear Butte) Well

LOCATION: SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 18, T. 6 N., R. 56 E., Meade County

OWNER: Bear Butte Oil Company

DRILLER: John P. Everett

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: From a letter by John P. Everett, March 31, 1923

#### Feet

0 - 180 "Red beds" 180 - 220 "Minnekahta" 220 - 370 "Opeche" 370 - 820 "Minnelusa" 820 - 830 "Granite"

### Fort Meade Well

LOCATION: T. 5 N., R. 5 E., Meade County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Several years before 1905

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Prof. Paper 32

C	) – 25	Sandstone and gravel
. 25	5 - 50	Buff sandstone, fine grained
50	) - 75	Buff sandstone, coarser
75	5 - 100	Buff sandstone, medium grained
1.00	) - 125	Gray shale
125	5 - 153	Yellow sandstone, fine grained
153	3 <b>- 185</b>	Gray shale
Dar 185	5 – 200	Coarse sandstone, dark colored
200	) – 225	Gray sandstone, some shale
225	5 – 250	Light gray shale
250	) – 288	Dark shale with pyrite
288	3 - <b>3</b> 22	Sandstone, fine grained basal Lakota
	*	with shale layers
322	2 -	Water of good quality which rose 2
		above the surface and flowed 10 to 12 gal.
		per minute

322 -Light greenish gray shale 600 600 -603 Very dark shale 603 -745 Blue shale 745 -770 Red shale 770 - 771 Blue shale Red shale with gypsum at 800° and some 771 - 1440gray shale at 850 and 940; gypsum, 910 to 930% 1440 - 1450 Limestone (Minnekahta)

# O.W. Wells Artesian Well

LOCATION: Sec. 29, T. 7 N., R. 5 E., Meade County

OWNER: Durst & Smith

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1925

CURB ELEVATION:

3180 est (

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

#### Feet

0 - 30 30 - 40 40 40 - 300 300 - 504 504 - 635 635 - 650 650 - 675 675 - 740	Surface soil, gumbo, upper Graneros Soil merging to shale, dark First water coming from thin bentonite bed Dark shales, reported oil shows Light colored "Mowry" shales Shales, very dark, "Lower Graneros" "Newcastle sands," a little water Dark shales in "Themopolis" "Dakota sandstone" fine "bird shot" conglomerates at base (same amount of water)
740 - 765 765 - 790	"Fuson" shales, red and light colored (slight oil showing in water for a few days, then none) "Lakota sandstone"

REMARKS: Production 1500 bbls. per 24 hours of sweet soft water

# Zeal Well

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 16, T. 9, R. 17, Meade County

OWNER: Cosden Company

DRILLER:

10: 11 -400 M.

DATE OF DRILLING: 1927 CURB ELEVATION: 2177.8: SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

1 - 50	
50 - 1.00	
100 - 117	
117 - 145	
145 - 86 <b>4</b>	
864 - 1090	Blue shale
1.090 - 1.240	Gray shale
1240 - 1290	Light gray shale
1290 - 1445	Gray shale
1445 - 1985	Brown shale
1985 - 2047	Brown shale with a little sand
2047 - 2060	
2060 - 2075	
2075 - 2077	
2077 - 2310	
2310 - 2313	
2313 - 2544	
2544	Struck water sand, possibly was in sand
	a couple feet
2544 - 2551	Water sand, water raised within 300
	of the top
2551 <b>- 25</b> 65	Sand and lime in formation, mixture for-
	mation
2565 - 2570	Gray shale at 2566% cemented casing to
	shut off water
2570 - 2578	Gray shale or near the Dakota sand
2578 - 2600	Gray sand
2600 - 2672	White sand, Dakota sand and artesian flow,
2000 100111	water tasted salty, warm
2672 - 2752	Blue shale
2752 - 2820	<del>-</del>
2820 - 2822	Very hard sand, very large flow of artesian
2020 2020	water, very warm
2822 - 2925	Sand, total thickness of sand 105, called
~O~~	the "Lakota," large flow hot water
2925 - 2970	Gray shale and the formation at bottom was
2020. 2010	sandy
2970	Total depth
2010	TO OUT GOD OIL

### MELLETTE COUNTY

When the Chicago and Northwestern Railway extended their railroad line to Wood, South Dakota, in 929 they drilled two water wells in Mellette county, one at Mosher and the other at Wood.

### Railroad Well at Mosher

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 12, T. 40 N., R. 25 W., Mellette

County

OWNER: Chicago and Northwestern Railway

DRILLER: Norbeck Company

DATE OF DRILLING: August to October, 1929

CURB ELEVATION: 2040

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Chicago and Northwestern Railway

#### Feet

0		25	Yellow clay	
25	••-	483	Blue shale	
483		6 <b>43</b>	Blue shale with occasional hard streak	rs.
643	<b></b> .	1.266	Blue shale	
1266		1363	Very hard blue shale	
1.363			Hard shale	
1.6 <b>5</b> 6		1.681	Open hole; water	

REMARKS: Production 40 gal. per minute

#### Railroad Well at Wood.

LOCATION: NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 25, T. 41 N., R. 27 W., Mellette

County

OWNER: Chicago and Northwestern Railway

DRILLER: Norbeck Company

DATE OF DRILLING: November, 1929, to February, 1930

CURB ELEVATION: 2150

1 = T45/101

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Chicago and Northwestern Railway

#### Feet

0	<b></b>	1.30 <del>}</del>	Clay					
1.30불	*	517 <del>]</del>	Blue	shale				
517불	201	61.7 <mark>불</mark>		shale				
617툴		1.500불	Blue	shale	with	frequent	strea	ıks of
		_	very	hard s	shale			
1500불	e= •	1530불	Leak					
1530를		1744 <del>]</del>	Blue	shale	with	frequent	hard	streaks
1.744를		1.834	Sand	rock				

REMARKS: Production 40 gal. per minute

# MINER COUNTY

# George Johns Farm Well

LOCATION: Sec. 28, T. 105, R. 58, Miner County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

0	_	4	Black soil
4	_	40	Yellow clay
40	_	110	Blue clay
1.10	_	123	Sand and gravel
1.23	_	1.40	Quicksand
1.40	_	148	Blue clay
148	_	160	Gravel.
160		200	Quicksand
200		230	Shale
230	_	250	Sand
250	-	303	Shale
303	_	311	Pink sand

# MOODY COUNTY

# Well Near Trent

LOCATION: Sec. 8, T. 105 N., R. 48 W., Moody County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Before 1895

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: U.S. Geol. Survey Water Supply Paper 227

0 - 180 180 - 192	Yellow clay and blue clay Sand; no water
192 - 220	Sandy' clay
220 - 230	Sand; some water
230 - 360	Clay with thin bed of sand at 300
360 - 363	Sand with main water supply

# PENNINGTON COUNTY

# Conata Oil Test

LOCATION: SW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 11, T. 4 S., R. 16 E., Pennington County

OWNER:

DRILLER: M.S. Campbell

DATE OF DRILLING: 1925 1926
CURB ELEVATION: 5478 255
SOURCE OF INFORMATION: J.B. Campbell, Interior

0 - 50 50 - 665 665 - 770 770 - 865 865 - 870 870 - 1158 1158 - 1186 1186 - 1310 1310 - 1325 1325 - 1400 1400 - 1490 1490 - 1640	Blue shale Gray shale Black shale Gray sand Black shale Brown shale Gray shale Brown shale Gray shale Sand, brown Blue shale
1640 - 1670	Dark sand
1.670 - 1.740	Gray sandy shale
1740 - 1830	
1830 - 1850 1850 - 1870	White sand Black shale
1870 - 1900	Blue shale
1900 - 1910	Sand carrying water
1910 - 1930	Blue shale
1930 - 1940	Gray shale
1940 - 2075	Sand, water bearing; gas and some oil 2050-2090
2075 - 2090	
2090 - 2100	
2100 - 2150	Shale, dark
2150 - 2156	Sand, water 1900 in hole; 84 casing Black shale
2150 - 2156 2156 - 2162 2162 - 2170	Brown sand
2170 - 2180	<del>-</del> · · · · · ·
2180 - 2195	
2195 - 2200	Gray lime
2195 - 2200 2200 - 2225 2225 - 2234	White water sand
	and the second s
2234 - 2239	Black shale
22 <b>3</b> 9 - 22 <b>4</b> 7 22 <b>4</b> 7 - 2252	Sand Lime
2252 - 2260	Dry sand
2247 - 2252 2252 - 2260 2260 - 2315	Lime sand and shale
2315 - 2455	<del></del>
2455 - 2467	

### PERKINS COUNTY

Due to the abundance of shallow water supplies, only one deep well has been drilled in Perkins county. t is located at Lemmon and was drilled by the Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad for water.

# Railroad Well at Lemmon

LOCATION: Sec. 5, T. 23 N., R. 16 E., Perkins County OWNER: Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad

DRILLER: Norbeck Company DATE OF DRILLING: 1935

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific R.R.

		·
53 55 55 63 162 178 189 199 199 199 199 199 199 19	162	Yellow clay Water sand Boulder Dark clay Rock Sand Sandy clay Sand Shale, rock 6" Shale Rock Sand Hard clay Sand Blue clay Sand Sandy clay Clay Clay Clay With sand streaks Clay Rock Clay Sand Clay, 8" rock Clay, rock l Rock Sand, no water Clay Sandy clay Hard sand Clay Sand Clay Sandy clay Sand

728		735	Clay	
735	_	760	Sand	
760	-	790	Sa <b>n</b> dy	clay
790	_	836	Clay	
8 <b>3</b> 6		868	Sand	
868	_	889	Clay	
889	-	91.7	Clay	
917		959	Sandy	clay
959	_	1.004	Clay	
1.004		1007	Rock	
1007	_	1.01.0	Sand	
1010		1116	${\tt Clav}$	

# SANBORN COUNTY

# Artesian City Well

LOCATION: Sec. 9, T. 106, R. 59, Sanborn County OWNER: City of Artesian

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: 1315 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

### Feet

	**	
Ó	- 63	Drift deposits
63	- 1.23	Dark shale
123	<b>- 25</b> 0	Dark shale with lime rock and pyrites,
•		thin bed of sandstone at base
		Dark shale
Patro1a = + 640 675	680	Sandstone with 50 gal. flow
680	- 684	Hard sandstone (?)
68 <b>4</b>	- 708	Sandstone with 120 gal. flow

REMARKS: Flow from Dakota sandstone

# SHANNON COUNTY

# Slim Buttes Oil Test

LOCATION: Sec. 24, T. 36 N., R. 48 W., Shannon County

OWNER: DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: 1931.

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Driller s log furnished by J.L. Warren and L.L. Attken-correlation by E.F. Schramm

Carlile and Greenhorn Graneros	0 - 500 500 - <b>560</b>	
	560 – 860 860 – 998	Very black shale, heavy
. ,	998 - 1035 1035 - 1060 1060 - 1090	Sandy shale
	1090 - 1120 1120 - 1215 1215 - 1260 1260 - 1280 1280 - 1310 1310 - 1330 1330 - 1340	More in place, black shale, very gummy Blue shale, very gummy Brown shale Blue shale Brown shale carrying light sandy shale
Dakota	1340 - 1385 1385 - 1405 1405 - 1460	Dark sand, dry at top At 1405 the sand ran out into a slate and we got water that raised 300 in hole; this slate ran out at 1410 and was replaced by white sand to 1460 and the water raised up to about 75 higher
Fuson	1460 - 1463 1463 - 1550	Limestone, shelly Blue shale
Lakota	1550 - 1558 1558 - 1570 1570 - 1600 1600 - 1620 1620 - 1630 1630 - 1680 1680 - 1720	Blue shale Sandy blue, red, brown shale

Unkpapa	1720 - 1880 1880 - 1886	
	1886 - 1896 1896 - 1912	
Sundance	1912 - 1920 1920 - 1928 1928 - 1950	Red beds, shaley, very red Hard limestone Clayey shale, yellow, brown, red intermixed
	1950 - 2000 2000 - 2050 2050 - 2070 2070 - 2090 2090 - 2110	Blue shale Brown shale
Spearfish	2110 - 2165 2165 - 2180 2180 - 2190 2190 - 2264 2264 - 2268 2268 - 2400	Gray sand and more water Gummy red clay Sandy, reddish clay This same clay but got very red, sandy Hard white limy shale Red rock with shale breaks in it; carried quartz shells that were very hard
	2400 - 2410	A soft, white material that broke up like sand but was not gritty; warm sulphur water came in here that raised about 25% higher than the level of the other water
Minnekahta	2410 - 2418 2418 - 2430 2430 - 2445	A limy sand, very hard, white and red streaked

# SPINK COUNTY

# State School Well

LOCATION: Sec. 3, T. 116, R. 64, Spink County, at State School,

Redfield

OWNER: State School

DRILLER: Norbeck Company

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: 1300

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Harold Norbeck

# Feet

	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Yellow clay Sand and gravel
	145 - 520	
6-1-20	520 - 530	Lime rock
and the second	530 - 850	
<i>3</i>	850 – 860	Loose gray shale (Norbeck says probably loose because of scattering sands)
	860 - 864	Solid shale
	864 - 874	Tough hard shale
January 5 25 4	874 - 882	Sand rock, fair water bearing
<del>-</del> -	882 - 905	Gray shale
	905 - 915	Poor sand, water bearing
	915 - 935	Very good sand
	935 - 942	Gray shale
2	9 <b>4</b> 2 - <b>94</b> 8	Fair sand
	948 - 968	Gray shale
	968 - 970	Sand, water
	970 - 986	Shale
		Very good sand, water
	1.014 - 1.021	Gray, tough, sandy shale
•	1021 - 1035	Gray shale

REMARKS: Well furnished from 5 or 6 sands. All drain into the same pipe. Sand packing around the casing.

#### STANLEY COUNTY

#### Meers Township Well

LOCATION: Sec. 8, T. 5 N., R. 28 E., Stanley County

OWNER: Meers Township DRILLER: Norbeck Company DATE OF DRILLING: 1911 CURB ELEVATION: 1925 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

#### Feet · Black gumbo 0 -6 Yellow shale 6 -40 40 - 130 Blue shale 130 - 1000 Gray shale 1000 - 1130Gray shale with layers of limestone 1130 - 1132 Very hard rock 1132 - 1500 Gray shale with layers of limestone 1500 - 1610 Muddy sandstone with streaks of gray shale, sand 1610 - 1640 Sandstone 1640 - 1690 Sandy shale with streaks of sandstone Sandstone, water and gas 1690 - 17501750 - 1790Red shale

REMARKS: Production 26 gal. per minute, gas; temperature 100°

### Standing Butte Oil Test

LOCATION: Sec. 9, T. 7 N., R. 27 E., Stanley County OWNER: South Dakota Development and Refining Company

DRILLER: Several contractors

DATE OF DRILLING:

CURB ELEVATION: 1958.1'

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Information furnished by the company

Pierre Niobrara?	1 927 927 - 933 933 - 963	"Pierre" shale Gray shale rock Gray sandy shale carrying dry gas
Carlile Greenhorn Graneros	963 - 1400 1400 - 1450 1450 - 1735	Shale Sand and water Shale

Dakota = 223 e/.	1735 - 1905	"Dakota" sandstone carrying water with gas and oil showing
Fuson	1905 - 1940	"Fuson" shale
Lakota	1940 - 1976	"Lakota" stone
Morrison_	1976 - 2190	
<u> </u>	2190 - 2270	Base of the "Morrison" or upper
•	2100 2210	"Sundance"
Sundance	2270 - 2279	Limestock, penetrating lower sand-
bandance	~~10 ~~10	stone
	2279 ~ 2290	
	2290 - 2292	
	2292 - 2294	Pyrites, iron, shell
	2294 - 2307	
	2307 - 2325	Gray shale
	2325 - 2350	Water sand with great water flow
	2 <b>35</b> 0 - 2 <b>3</b> 56	Coal
	2356 - 2382	
	2382 – 2385	
	2385 - 2392	
•	2392 - 2402	
	2402 - 2405	
المني يسير يشير الشير يسير الشير الشير	2405 - 2412	
Spearfish	2412 - 2559	Red beds carrying streaks of gypsum
	0550 0560	and sand
Minnekahta	2559 - 2560	Oil sand
•	2560 - 256 <b>4</b>	
0.7.6.	2564 - 2570 2570 - 2615	Tar sands carrying oil Red beds
Opeche	<b>2570</b> - 261.5 2615 - 2620	Sand showing tar
Minnelusa	2620 - 2625	Black sand
	2625 - 2657	Hard sand rock showing gas and tar
	2657 - 265 <b>9</b>	Black flakey shale
. •	2659 - 2660	
	2660 - 2665	Broken formation of sand and shale,
		more gas
	2665 - 2670	Broken formation, some gypsum
	2670 - 2680	Sand rock
	2680 <b>-</b> 268 <b>5</b>	Broken formation
-	268 <b>5</b> - 2727	Tough gray shale
<del>.</del>	2727 - 2730	Pink formation showing lime
•	2730 - 2755	Pink rock
	2755 - 2764	Limestone shells, conglomerate between
	2764 - 2771	Pink sticky formation
	2771 - 2781	Conglomerate
	2781 - 2787	Gray shale
	2787 - 2798	Conglomerate cas showing
	2798 - 28 <b>3</b> 0	Conglomerate, gas showing
	28 <b>3</b> 0 - 2840 28 <b>4</b> 0 - 2848	Broken formation, gypsum and lime
	2848 - 287 <b>3</b>	Lime and gypsum Red shale
₹ <u>₩</u>	28 <b>73</b> - 2877	Black shale
•	2010:- 2011	DICOV BITCE

2877 - 2880 Red shale 2880 - 2910 Lime, gypsum, black shale 2910 - 2920 Tough yellow clay 2920 - 2930 2930 - 2935 Red shale Hard sandstone, shell 2935 - 2940 Sand, small flow water Sand, very sharp Light sandy shale 2940 - 2967 2967 - 2990 2990 - 3010 Gray sandy shale Sandy, heavy water flow 3010 - 3027 Pahasapa 3027 - 3090 White lime, medium hard 3090 - 3160 Lime, very hard 3160 - 3170 Lime, medium hard 3170 - 3**5**08 Lime with hard, medium and soft layers

### Wendt Well

LOCATION: Sec. 5 or 6, T. 3 N., R. 29 E., Stanley County OWNER: Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company

DRILLER: Norbeck and Nicholson

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: 1592' SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

Feet

0 - 1280 Shale 1280 - 1395 Shale, limestone and sandstone

REMARKS: Temperature 100°

### Willow Creek Township Well No. 3

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 22, T. 5 N., R. 29 E., Stanley County

OWNER: Willow Creek Township DRILLER: Norbeck Company

DATE OF DRILLING: March, 1911

CURB ELEVATION: 1934 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

Feet

Pierre, Niobrara, Carlile, Greenhorn and Graneros 0 - 3 Black gumbo

	260 - 920	Yellow shale Blue shale Gray shale Black sand Gray shale with layers of
	390 - 1400	limestone
•	<b>14</b> 60 - <b>15</b> 20	Muddy sandstone with streaks of gray shale
	1520 - 1600	Gray shale
Dakota = 334 d	1600 - 1640	Sandstone
	1640 - 1700	Sandy shale with small streaks of sandstone
	1700 - 1760	Sandstone (water sand)
3	1760 - 1768	Red shale

REMARKS: Production, water stands within 69 of surface

# SULLY COUNTY

# Deep Well at Oneida

LOCATION: NW.  $\frac{1}{4}$ , Sec. 11, T. 114 S., R. 77 W., Sully County OWNER: Oneida

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: CURB ELEVATION: 1925

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Water Supply Paper 227

# Feet

	0 - 3	Black soil
	$\ddot{3} - 34$	
	34 - 1.70	
	170 - 950	Blue shale with hard shells
	950 - 1200	Black shale with slate
	1200 - 1260	Gray shale
	1260 - 1400	Blue shale
	1400 - 1560	Shale, sandy streaks
Literia =+365 d	1560 - 1630	Sandstone with a few hard "shells;" first flow
	1630 - 1717	Sand rock; second flow

ERRATUM: Oneida should be spelled "Onida."

### TODD COUNTY

The U.S. Indian Service drilled a well for water in 1895-97 on the Rosebud Indian Reservation in Todd county. Although the log of this well has been published in U.S. Geological Survey Water Supply Paper 227, p. 132, it is included here again, as it is of interest in making a study of the formations underlying western South Dakota.

# Rosebud Well

LOCATION: Sec. 27, T. 38 N., R. 30 W., Rosebud Indian Agency OWNER: U.S. Indian Service

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING:

CURB ELEVATION: 2688

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Mr. Wright and Dr. McChesne, Indian Agents

Tertiary Pierre, Niobrara,	0 350 350 1390	"Tertiary" sands and clays Dark gray shales, water encountered at 1390 which rose 250 in well
Carlile	1390 - 1550	Light gray shales with water at 1490
	1550 - 1730	Light gray limy shales
	1730 - 1860	Dark shales
Greenhorn	1860 - 1880`	Sandstone and limestone
	1880 - 1885	Hard sandstone with water rising
		1280 in well *
Graneros	<u> 1</u> 885 - 1920	Shale, darker below
	1920 - 1950	Hard sandstone
	1950 - 2075	Soft shales with thin limestone
		bed at 2060†
	2075 - 21.00	
	2100 21.40	Gray sandstone, hard at top
	2 <b>1.4</b> 0 - 21.50	
	2150 - 2175	Porous sand rock with considerable
	•	water which rose within 500 (?)
		of the surface
	21.7 <b>5</b> - 221.0	Unknown
	2210 - 2240	Shale
Dakota = 448 d	22 <b>4</b> 0 - 2290	Sandstone
	2290 2292	Gray shale
	2292 - 2500	Fine grained sandstone with some
		shale and pyrites; water mainly
		at 2295"

# TURNER COUNTY

# Viborg City Well

LOCATION: Sec. 35, T. 97 N., R. 53 W., Turner County OWNER: City of Viborg DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING: Completed April, 1937

CURB ELEVATION: 1300 est.

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Driller's log

•	O - 60	Clay and conglomerate	•
17	0 - 1 <b>7</b> 5 5 - 679	Chalk rock Shale	4.1 • .
Do Kota = 1621 el. 679	9 - 718.8	In sandstone. Water rises in well to a point 133 from the	

State Survey	1951	4
Dopth	Elevation	Top.
40	1260	4. Nichrona chala
160	1140	Codell Sand
370		Steen norm
390	9/0	Graneros
436	870	Datota
490	8 10	Fuson
630	6.70	Lattota
725	575	
732	+ 568	T. D.
		•

# YANKTON COUNTY

# Yankton City Well

LOCATION: Sec. 13, T. 93 N., R. 56 W., Yankton County

OWNER: City of Yankton

DRILLER:

DATE OF DRILLING:

CURB ELEVATION: 1200 est

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Water Supply Paper 227

/	Fee <b>t</b>	
	0 25	Yellow clay
<i>r</i>		Blue clay
٠.	55 - 115	Chalk
	115 - 415	Clays, Benton
<b>√</b>	415 - 615	Alternations of sandstone and clay, the
	•	latter predominating
Da Kota = +585 c	615 - 625	Principal water bearing horizon
	625 - 898	Alternations of sandstone and clay
Ove- 6 ? = +302	el. 898 - 942	"Granite"

101

### ZIEBACH COUNTY

The Irish Creek Oil Company drilled a test for oil in 1924-25 in northern Ziebach county. A log and diamond drill core were furnished the State Geological Survey and a report made by W.L. Russell has been published as Circular 18 of the State Geological Survey.

The Cosden Oil Company made a test for oil six miles south of Red Elm on the Ole Tanberg farm in 1928-30. A study of the cuttings and a correlation of the formations encountered was made by Mrs. E.R. Applin, the results of which were published in the Journal of Paleontology, vol. 7, pp. 217-20, 1933.

The U.S. Indian Service drilled two water wells in the county in 1934-35, one at the Cherry Creek school and the other at the Red Scaffold school.

### Well at Cherry Creek Station

LOCATION: Sec. 31, T. 7 N., R. 22 E., Ziebach County

OWNER:

DRILLER: Norbeck Company

DATE OF DRILLING: Completed November 15, 1934

CURB ELEVATION: 1739.8

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Correlations by E.P. Rothrock and T.W.

Robinson

# $exttt{Fee} exttt{t}$

Pierre	576 - 630 630 - 647 647 - 648 648 - 657 657 - 658 658 - 770	Yellow clay Blue shale Blue shale with streaks of hard shell Blue shale Lime shell Blue shale Lime shell Black shale Blue shale, bottom of Pierre at 850
Niobrara	990 - 993	
Carlile Greenhorn	993 - 1120 1120 - 1265 1265 - 1441 1441 - 1475	Blue shale Sandy shale Shale
Graneros	1475 - 1639 1639 - 1641 1641 - 1660 1660 - 1669	

Dakota	1669 - 1755	Shale
7-15'0	1755 - 1757	Sand
/ / /	1757 - 1762	Shale
	1762 - 1764	Sand
	1764 - 1780	Shale
	1.780 - 1.781	Sand
	1781 - 1806	Shale
	1806 - 1818	Sand
	1818 - 1834	Shale
v	1834 - 1843	Hard shale with fine sand
	1843 - 1854	Shale
•	1854 - 1878	Sand

# <u>Irish Creek Oil Test</u>

LOCATION: SE.  $\frac{1}{4}$  Sec. 17, T. 15 N., R. 20 E., Ziebach County OWNER: Irish Creek Oil Company

DRILLER: Longyear DATE OF DRILLING: 1924-1925

CURB ELEVATION:

SOURCE OF INFORMATION: Circular 18, S. Dak. Geol. Survey; correlation by W.L. Russell

	•	
Fox Hills	0 80	No ccre
	80 - 139	Blue and gray shale and yellowish
		gray sandstone
Pierre	139 – 260	
		occasionally
	260 –	
		gray sandstone
	<b>33</b> 5 - <b>3</b> 96	
		lingulae
		Light bluish gray shale
	460 - 522	
		numerous white specks, some chalky
		layers
	522 – 587	
	587 - 589	
	589 – 599	Dark gray, clay shale
	599 - 612	
	61.2 - 1445	Light bluish gray, dolomitic shale
	1445 - 1585	Very dark gray oil shale, fish scales Bluish gray shale
Niobrara	1585 - 1865	Bluish gray shale
	1865 - 1885	Hard, gray, impure chalk
	1885 - 1925	Dark and light bluish gray calcareous
		shales

	1925 - 1960	Bluish gray, calcareous shale and
Carlile	1960 - 2049 2049 - 2 <b>35</b> 0	shaly limestone, chalky layers Bluish gray, clay shale Carlile shale; shale, bluish gray, rather light in color, non-calcareous
Greenhorn	2 <b>35</b> 0 - 2 <b>4</b> 17	with a few traces of silt Calcareous grayish black shale, con- taining a few scattered chalky specks with innumerable very thin streaks of limestone, containing numerous shells; limestone very small portion of whole
Graneros	2417 - 2420 2420 - 2574	Harder, shaly limestone "Graneros" shale: dark bluigh graner
	2574 - 2680	or bluish black, calcareous shale, rather chalky, containing fish scales Dark bluish-gray non-calcareous shale

# Ole Tanberg No. 1 Well

LOCATION: Sec. 9, T. 11, R. 19 E., Ziebach County OWNER: Cosden Oil Company DRILLER: Cosden Oil Company DATE OF DRILLING: October 23, 1928, to August 17, 1930

CURB ELEVATION: 2327.51 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

0	_	45	Surface clay (yellowish sand)
		155	Shalle
		275	
275	_	<b>4</b> 09	Shale
409	_	<b>43</b> 2	Gumbo and boulders
<b>43</b> 2	_	857	Hard shale and boulders
857	_	861	Rock
861	-	1131	Hard shale and boulders
1131	-	1171	Lime rock and gumbo
1171	_	1.1.86	Hard shale and boulders
1186	_	1.308	Lime and shale
1308	_	1.340	Shale and boulders
1340	_	1460	Sticky shale
1460		1.490	Gumbo
1.490	_	1640	Shale and shell
1640	_	1660	Shale and boulders
1.660	_	1730	Hard shale
1730	_	1.754	Limestone and shale
1754	_	1770	Lime

1770 - 1785 Shale and lime 1785 - 1805 Hard lime 1805 - 1819 Sandy lime 1819 - 1870 Lime and shale 1870 - 1895 Shale and boulders 1895 - 1927 Gumbo 1927 - 1933 1933 - 1945 Gypsum Lime 1945 - 1961Gumbo 1961 - 2000 Sticky shale 2000 - 2040 Shale and boulders 2040 - 2114 Gumbo 2114 - 2164 Sticky shale 2164 - 2174 Shale and boulders 2174 - 2265 Lime 2265 - 2281 Lime and shale 2281 - 2339 Lime 2**339** - 2**3**56 2**3**56 - 2**3**88 Lime and shale Sticky shale 2388 - 2400 Gumbo and boulders 2400 - 2459 2459 - 2465 Shale and gumbo Gumbo 2465 - 2570Shale 2570 - 2571 Lime 2571 - 2615 Shale 2615 - 2619 Lime 2619 - 26**3**5 Shale 2635 - 2658Shale and boulders 2658 - 2668 Broken lime and shale 2668 - 2673 Limy shale 2673 - 2683 Sticky shale 2683 - 2697 Limy shale 2697 - 2713 Lime 2713 - 2715Lime shale 2715 - 2724 Lime 2724 - 2733Shale 2733 - 2738Lime and shale 2738 - 2740Shale 2740 - 2747 Sand 2747 - 2767 Sandy shale 2767 - 2771 2771 - 2787 Hard shale Sandy shale and lime 2787 - 2789Lime 2789 - 2795 2795 - 281.0 Shale Gypsum and gumbo 2810 - 2882 Sticky shale 2882 - 2887 Lime and gypsum 2887 - 2930 Shale 2930 - 2943Shale and shells 2943 - 2961 Shale and gypsum

Daltoin = -413'él.

Rock

2961 - 2964

```
2964 - 2967
                           Lime rock
             2967 - 2976
                           Hard shale and sand
             2976 - 2986
                           Sandy lime and shale
             2986 - 3000
                           Sand and shale
             3000 - 3045
                           Hard sand
             3045 - 3057
                           Sand and broken shale
             3057 - 31.00
                           Sandy shale
             31.00 - 31.08
                           Hard shale
             31.08 - 31.20
                           Sandy shale
             31.20 - 31.61.
                           Black shale
             3161 - 3180
                           Black shale and sand
             31.80 - 31.82
                           Rock
             31.82 - 3220
                           Sandy shale
                           Shale and sand
             3220 - 3226
             3226 - 3231
                           Sandy shale
             3231 - 3267
3267 - 3287
                           Sand and shale
                           Shale
             3287 - 3348
                           Red bed
             3348 - 3358
                           Red bed and shale
             3358 - 3365
                           Limy shale
             3365 - 3387
                           Shale and lime
             3387 - 3389
                           Sandy lime
             3389 - 3396
                           Broken sand
             3396 - 3402
                           Broken sand and shale
             3402 - 3405
                           Broken lime and shale
             3405 - 3465
                           Red bed
             3465 - 3503
                           Flinty red rocks
Spearfish
             3503 - 3528
                           Red bed
             3528 - 3536
                           Broken red bed
                           Broken red bed and rock
             3536 - 3543
             3543 - 3550
                           Broken red bed
             3550 - 3556
                           Lime
             3556 - 3575
                           Lime and red bed
             3575 - 3584
                           Broken red rock and lime
                           Broken red bed
             3584 - 3587
             3587 - 3588
                           Hard sandy lime
             3588 - 3593
                           Broken lime
             3593 - 3600
                           Soft shale
             3600 - 3604
                           Anhydrite and gypsum; twisted off drill
                           pipe; could not fish it out.
Correlation by Esther R. Applin, Journal of Paleontology, vol. 7,
1933, pp. 217-220
                0 -
                      40
                           No record
               40 - 280
                           Fox Hills
              280 - 1640
                           Pierre
```

Niobrara

Greenhorn

Carlile

Graneros

Dakota

1.640 - 1.840

1.840 - 21.77

21.77 - 2380

2380 - 2745

2745 - 2765

2765 - 2971 Fuson 2971 - 3039 Lakota 3039 - 3220 Morrison 3220 - 3505 Sundance 3505 - 3581 Spearfish

# Well at Red Scaffold

LOCATION: Junction of Red Scaffold and Cherry Creeks 6-94-19 =

OWNER: U.S. Indian Service DRILLER: Norbeck Company

DATE OF DRILLING: November 1, 1934, to February 25, 1935

CURB ELEVATION: 1996.01 SOURCE OF INFORMATION:

Pierre, Niobrara (1200-1400'?), and Carlile	0 - 15 15 - 17 17 - 20 20 - 75 75 - 77 77 - 112 112 - 115 115 - 180 180 - 225 225 - 252 252 - 253 253 - 280 280 - 290 290 - 510 510 - 535 535 - 540  540 - 630 630 - 650 650 - 1040  1040 - 1043 1043 - 1080 1080 - 1240 1240 - 1325 1325 - 1390 1390 - 1425	Gravel Yellow clay Shale Lime shell Shale Lime shell Shale (thin lime shell at 180%) Shale Sticky shale Lime shell Shale Sticky shale Sticky shale Sticky shale Harder shale Leaky formation (lost about 2000 gal. of mud) Shale Harder shale Shale with numerous thin scattered lime shells Lime chell Shale Cavey sandy shale Harder shale Shale
	1.240 - 1.325	Harder shale
	1390 - 1425 1425 - 1500	Sandy shale Shale
	1500 - 1540 1540 - 1560 1560 - 16 <b>4</b> 0	

	1.640 - 1.660 1.660 - 1.78 <b>5</b>	Crumbly shale Softer shale with numerous lime shells
Greenhorn	1785 - 1795 1795 - 1805 1805 - 1930	
Graneros	1930 - 1940 1940 - 2205	Shale; sandy and light colored
		Lime shell Shale Hard sand
	2255 - 2268 2268 - 2310 2310 - 2330	Shale Sandy shale
	2352 - 2353 2353 - 2365	Water bearing sand Hard sandstone Alternating hard sand and shale Hard sandy shale; streaks of sand

REMARKS:  $6\frac{1}{4}$ " casing extends from bottom of well to point 2' above ground; production 500 gal. per minute; temperature 120°; casing perforated 2330' to 2385'; shut in surface pressure 120 lbs. per sq. inch